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BIRTHS.

On the 19th December, at "Saionara," Northam Road, Penang, the wife of CRCIL A. Law, of a daughter.

On the 31st December, at Craigieburn Hotel, the wife of CARL GEORG, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

On the 31st December, at St. Peter's Church, West Point, by the Rev. J. H. France, M.A., LEBED EDWARD EMANUEL, chief officer S.S. Kwanglee, to EMMA, daughter of the late John EDWARD RAE, of Newcasfle, N.S.W.

DEATHS.

On the 17th December, at St. Bernard's Hospital, Nagasaki, George E. Rice, aged 58 years.
On the 29th December, at Taikoktsui, Capt.
George Franz Sachse, aged 58 years.

Fongkong Weckly Press

HONGKONG OFFICE: 14, DES VŒUX ROAD CL. LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

ARRIVALS OF MAILS.

The German mail of the 13th November arrived, per N. D. L. steamer Prinz Heinrich, on the 30th December (47 days); the French mail of the 29th November arrived, per M. M. steamer Caledonien, on the 31st December (32 days); and the American mail of the 3rd December arrived, per O. & O. steamer Doric, on the 31st December (28 days).

EPITOME OF THE WEEK.

The Imperial Court arrived at Chengting-fu on the afternoon of the 31st ult., and was expected to leave for Paoting-fu on the 2nd inst.

A Tokyo contemporary learns that Russia intends to despatch a further force of 12,000 soldiers to Pert Arthur by the end of February next.

H.E. the Governor, Sir Henry A. Blake, G.C.M.G., starts on a three-months' holiday to-day, leaving for England at 11.15 a.m., from Blake Fier.

As was feared would happen, Mr. W. N. Pethick, formerly private secretary to the late Li Hung-chang, has succumbed to his illness. He died in Tientsin on the 20th ult.

The c. mmencement of the work of the Commission presided over by the Plenipotentiary H.E. Sir James L. Mackay, K.C.I.E., is being delayed by the long illness of the Chinese Commissioner, H.E. Sheng Hsuan-huai.

Certain Powers have asked the United States to hand to them any balance over the amount retained as America's share of the Chinese indemnity, on the ground that theirs is inadequate, but the officials at Washington do not anticipate any balance.

The arrival of the Emperor Kwang Hsu at Peking is reported to be fixed for the 6th of the 12th moon, or the 15th of January. Viceroy Yuan Shi kai and the high officials of Chihli have gone to meet him. It is also reported in mandarin circles at Shanghai that the Empress Dowager will not arrive the same day at Peking with the Emperor, but a day later—on the 16th inst.

Inamed town was reduced to ashes.'

H. E. Senhor Conselheiro Jo Castello-Branca, the Envoy Extra Minister Plenipotentiary for Por Shanghai on Tuesday by the Free Caledonien on his way to the Chir Peking, his mission being the real the boundaries of Macao with a sentencier of the Portuguese terms.

A Belgain priest and many converts have been killed in an anti-foreign outbreak at Pinglo-hien, Kansu province, near General Tung Fuhsiang's quarters. An Imperial edict is reported to have been issued ordering the summary decapitation of all the assailants of these people, and stating that, if the officials do not capture the guilty within a certain time, they will be deprived of office for ever.

The Nagusaki Press says:—There is already talk of Marquis Ito succeeding the present Cabinet, but this story is dubbed as absurd and mischievous, because of the estrangement growing wider and wider between the Marquis and his ex-official colleagues; for instance, politicians like Marquis Yamagata, Saizo, etc., who thoroughly detest the parliamentary form of the Government, as typified by the newfangled political leaders. And no formation of Cabinet is possible without the hearty consent of the aforesaid senior statesmen.

A suspected mutiny among the recently arrived Portuguese Infantry soldiers quartered at the San Francisco barracks, Macao, was averted at 8 o'clock on New Year's night by the prompt action of Lieutenant Marques. 75 marines from the gunboat Zaire were landed. It is alleged that dissatisfaction exists among the troops at the smallness of their pay and the quality or quantity of their rations. Three privates were arrested, and a court-martial, presided over by Major Bragança, was held on the 2nd inst.; the result of its deliberations is not yet known.

The Subig Bay prison is to be the chief military prison in the Philippines.

Straits papers announce the arrival in Singapore by the Ville de Ciotat, on their way to Saigon, of the members of an important French geographical mission, charged by the Minister for the Colonies with the duty of visiting and reporting upon the Far East generally. This mission is exclusively of a military character, and includes M. Vauloger de Beaupré, an officer on the General Staff, and the chief of the mission; Captains Massenet and Pèan, Lieuts. Roumeguére, de Batz, de Kermalon, Andréa, Ronget, and Bellot. It is supplied with scientific apparatus and instruments of every description, and is to carry on its work for a period of about two years.

The Manila Times wrote on Christmas Day:

—"The vengeance meted out to the insurgents on the island of Mindoro has been full and satisfying and those who are in sympathy with them have not escaped. Word received in Manila yesterday afternoon of the campaign that is being carried on by Major Pritcher and the officers connected with him tells that the island has been swept bare from north to south, east to west, and only two towns remain as evidence that Mindoro was once a thickly settled community. Up to last Sunday three towns were left. These were Calapan, Pauluan and Mangarin, but on Sunday night the last named town was reduced to ashes."

H. E. Senhor Conselheiro Josè d'Azevedo Castello-Branca, the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary for Portugal, left for Shanghai on Tuesday by the French mail s.s. Caledonien on his way to the Chinese Court at Peking, his mission being the readjustment of the boundaries of Macao with a view to the extension of the Portuguese territory. The suite consists of Sr. Gabriel d'Almeida, secretary, and Sr. C. A. Rocha d'Assumptao interpreter. His Excellency came from Macao, on Monday by the s.s. Heunyshan and spent the day in seeing the sights of the Colony, accompanied by the Consul-General, Sr. Conselheiro Romano, and Sr. Leiria. He called on His Excellency the Governor, tiffined with the Consul-General, and afterwards visited the Club Lusitano. Here he was received by the Committee and success was drunk to his mission. H. E. in turn proposed the toast of the Club and the Portuguese community.

Mr. Conger, the United States Minister at Peking, has addressed a protest to the Chinese Government against the cancelling of the franchise granted to the American China Improvement Company for the construction of a railway from Canton to Hankow and against its transfer to a French corporation. It is understood that the forfeiture of the concession is based on the grounds that the railway has not been completed within the stipulated period and that the control of the American corporation has passed into the hands of Belgians. The State Department holds that the condition of China for the last year and a half has made it impossible for the company to complete the work and that China is therefore responsible for the delay; also that the fact that the company still retains its American charter makes it incumbent upon the United States Governmentt, according to its rule in such cases, to defend the franchise.

THE RECORD OF THE YEAR.

(Daily Press, 1st January.)

The year which closed yesterday, the first year of a new century, has been one full of incident and marked by some great catastrophes. In 1900, in spite of the vigorous continuance of the South African struggle, events in China succeeded in attracting the eyes of the whole civilised world, and public attention was directed to this quarter of the globe in a manner unexampled before. With the change of the contest between China and the Powers from a military to a diploniatic one, general interest in it naturally waned, and those whose business did not bring them into contact with the Far East easily allowed their thoughts to be the deaths of Queen Victoria and Pre- relieve the distress. sident McKinley, the one in January, the wavering or invertebrate nature. The conclusion of the Isthmian Canal treaty within the first three months of his presidency women in Germany. The outcry in the are as vigorous in language and as ill-willed as ever. The dark side of international the Allies, did his best to control an unruly | valorem into specific duties (which accordreturned to Germany, his share in the made on its working. The final result of would have been much to his credit. Since bring about a vast increase of China's trade

though the state of unacknowledged was has not been revived, all has not been peaceful. Brigandage in Chihli proved very difficult to cope with until the approach of the cold season, and in Manchuria it is still rife. Conflagrations, suspected to be the weakly allowed by the other Powers to result of incendiarism, have occurred, and the two on the 1st November, one involving | which practically surrendered the province the Royal Welsh Fusiliers' barracks in to Russia still remains unsigned is due to barracks at Sin-ho, seem difficult to explain | greatest man but unfortunately not a factor otherwise than as the work of miscreants. in the advancement of his country. His In the South, as recently as October, an | decease in November last postponed the anti-missionary outbreak, unconnected with occurrence of a very dangerous state of disturbances in the North, resulted in the affairs, and the fate of Manchuriz remains destruction of some property of the German one of the problems to be solved in 1902.

WALDERSEE, the Commander-in-Chief of half; but until the conversion of ad collection of contingents is not to be denied; | ing to the promise of the Foreign Office to n fact, had he not made the mistake of the China Association will be expedited as magining himself an orator when he much as possible) little comment can be history of the campaign against China the commercial negotiations should be to

his departure at the close of operations, and of her revenues—a fortunate termination for China to a war brought about by her almost unparalleled outrage against the rules of international conduct. Nor is China to suffer territorially for her offence, unless Russia's aggression in Manchuria is become successful. That the Convention Tientsin and the other in the British | death of LI Hung-chang, certainly China's

Basel Mission in Kwangtung, but in no loss | In Hongkong the past year, if not notable distracted elsewhere. Not only was this so, of life. Severe floods in the Yangteze for any very remarkable occurrences, has however, but we in China have this year | Valley led to fears of an outbreak at the been fairly eventful. Commercially the had our attention abruptly called away to | beginning of October, but these were trade of the port, like that of South China, other than local affairs. 1901 will long fortunately unrealised, and Chinese and has not been satisfactory. Trade in piece be remembered as the year which saw foreigners alike have been contributing to goods and imports generally has been for the most part restricted to the supply of Meanwhile the signature, after long pro- immediate requirements, dealers being disother in September. Two such events, so crastination on the part of the Chinese, of inclined to buy largely, partly owing to the still different in their circumstances, but both | the treaty between China and the Powers unsettled condition of affairs in China and befalling one section of the human race, has been hailed by the more optimistic as partly to the state of disorder in the interior cannot but leave a mark on the history of | the first step toward a new era in the of the Two Kwang due to piracy. This the time. In both cases he to whom the history of the Empire and denounced by restriction has been further accentuated by lot has fallen to succeed so popular a ruler | the pessimists as a farce. The soberest the continued full in exchange. The opium has declared his firm intention of faithfully | judges take a middle view and trust that if trade has, on the other hand, shown confollowing his predecessor's policy. Under | China be kept to the observance of the siderable activity, owing in some degree to the British system of constitutional govern- | terms of the treaty a new state of affairs the lessened output of the native drug. ment it was not to be anticipated that the may indeed be gradually brought about; Freights ruled steady for the first half of accession of a new monarch would, even did | but they stipulate that the reactionary the year, lut latterly there has been a that monarch wish it, produce any essential | advisers of the Empress Dowager and that marked decline in rates and less employchanges in the conduct of domestic or lady herself must first be swept away, ment offering for tonnage. The local history foreign affairs. Nor was it to be expected That this task will be an easy one no one of Hongkong in 1901 has been marked by that the man who followed Mr. McKinley | imagines, for the Emperor seems as much a several attempts to improve the conditions at the White House would make any puppet as ever, and a suitable heir appar- of living in the Colony. A very strong material departure from the course mapped | ent in succession to Pu Chun remains to be agitation was carried on early in the year out by the murdered President. Neverthe- | found. Nevertheless, the Court is well on against the admittedly unsatisfactory state less, President Roosevelt has already its way to Peking, where it is expected to of sanitation, and as a result a Special shown signs of originality, and it may be arrive on the 15th instant, and the return Commission has been appointed from Engheld certain that his rule will not be of a | to the old seat of government can but be land to investigate affairs. This Commisfollowed by considerable changes. The sion is about to commence its enquiry, and influence of the Yangtsze Viceroys has been 'the result of its studies is anxiously awaited. exhibited by the way in which they fought. The opinion has been growing for years bears promise of the best of relations the late Li Hung-chang over the Man- among the residents here that unless some between the United States and Great | churian Convention, and there is also no change be introduced, whereby Hongkong Britain, and there are not wanting other | doubt that their pressure has done much to | can be freed from the visitations of plague, indications of a closer bond between the bring about the recent departure of the with its attendant evil consequences on the two great Anglo-Saxon nations of the Court from Kaifeng-fu. Their success en-commercial and labour questions, the world. In a time of constantly varying | courages the hope that by their aid the prosperity of the port will be gravely friendships and estrangements like the remnants of the reactionary party may be menaced. A very bad epidemic has raged present, this bears additional significance. | defeated, and a moderate government set | during 1901, the mortality among Euro-The drawing together of Britain and Ger- | up at Peking, friendly to reform but not so | peans being the worst on record in Hongmany, which seemed imminent at the begin- | unbalanced as those advisers of His | kong. At one time a strike among coolies ning of the past year, has been checked by the | Majesty Kwang Hru who brought about | was thought possible; a large exodus of the absolutely unjust and often malignant attacks | the coup d'état in 1898. With such a working-class Chinese actually occurred, made upon the British army, not only by government in power alone can it be ex- and labour was hard to procure. Our irresponsible publicists and foolish senti- pected that the commercial negotiations intercourse with neighbouring ports was mentalists but even by educated men and about to be conducted as a sequel to the seriously hampered, and a dislocation of treaty of peace between China and the business was the inevitable result. The less reputable sections of other Continental | Powers can be brought to an auspicious | strong attitude of those who took upon nations, if less marked of late, at least | conclusion. Of the lines on which these | themselves to promote a Petition to the leaves no room for doubt that our enemies | negotiations will be carried on it would be | Secretary of State for the Colomes, premature to speak at present, but it is however, has borne fruit and, as we satisfactory to think that the China Asso- | have said, a Commission is now about relations has been sadly illustrated in China | ciation and League and the various Cham- | to enquire into the existing state of affairs. during 1901. The many disputes at Tien- | bers of Commerce have been energetically | Locally two commissions have been aptsin, certain incidents at Peking, and the stirring up the British Government to an pointed, which the public hoped would not Nagasaki affair in April—some of which appreciation of what commercial men in be without their use. The Private Chair ended in several deaths-manifested how the Far East see to be necessary for the and Jinricksha Coolie Commission's report, hard it is to maintain side by side troops | advantageous conduct of trade and the | unfortunately, appears to have been shelved of nations whose interests are widely at | mutual good feeling between natives | by the Government, whether permanently variance, even when united nominally and foreigners in China. The new tariff or not remains to be seen. The investigaagainst a common foe. That Count von has been in force for a month and a tion into the Public Works Department is still pending. Attention was called to the unsatisfactory state of affairs in connection with building operations in the Colony by a number of house-collapses, including the terrible disaster in Cochrane Street on the 14th August. This is a question which can only be solved by an increase in the numbers and efficiency of the Public Works

Branco. Externally our relations with foreign troops. the time-honoured phrase,

A HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR.

THE RULERS OF CHINA.

(Daily Press, 30th December.)

The same of the sa

The decision of the Chinese Court to return to Peking has no doubt been influenced by a variety of reasons. The inconveniences. attending the location of the Palace retinues in cities where no sufficient accommodation

exists except of a very temporary character would naturally induce the Imperial per-

have long been asking. Turning to other of the secret societies—the Kolao Hui and rampant, or that the Government should be domestic, affairs, we have to record the Tatao Hui-to fire the temporary palace at rotten and untrustworthy to an extent unsevere blows received by the legal profession | Kaifeng during the celebration there of Her | known in Western countries. The Chinese in Hongkong in the deaths of Messrs. J. J. | Majesty's birthday. This event gave em- Government has been through the furnace FRANCIS, K.C., and E. Robinson, and the phasis to Yung Lu's persuasive eloquence, of adversity, but, it is to be feared, has departures' of Sir John Carrington, and he drove home his arguments with so emerged little the better for the experience. C.M.G., Chief Justice, and Mr. H. E. much effect that the Court is now really Pollock, K.C. Among pleasanter items are en route for the old capital. At any rate THE MANCHURIAN CONVENT ON to be noted the numerous visitors who arrived | reports are current in native circles that the at this port in 1901, including Prince | Court will reach Peking about the middle CHUN in July and October, Admiral of January next, unless Yuan Shi-kai's SEYMOUR, M. DE GIERS, and within the advice be taken and a halt cried at Paoting-fu, dent of the North China Daily News telelast week Senhor Conselheiro Castello-pending the evacuation of Tientsin by the graphed to that journal the following

the neighbouring government at Canton | So far it is clearly apparent that the "source that the following is the present have been marred only by the visit of the fountain of authority in the Central King- "position of the negotiations as to Manmiscreant who committed the Gage Street dom is still the Empress Dowager. It is "churia, which were opened on Friday murder on the 10th January; this case Her Majesty who decides on the movements "between the Peace Plenipotentiaries, unfortunately has never been fully threshed of the Imperial Court and Her Majesty "Prince Ching and Wang Wen-shao, and out. The present Viceroy, H.E. Tao Mu, Jonly. The Emperor Kwang Hsu, the Son | "the Russian Minister. The Russian Minhas shown himself in general anxious to of Heaven, the occupant of the Dragon "ister said that there was no need for act in the best interests of his country by Throne, the sole sovereign within the "further discussion of the Convention, the maintaining excellent relations with foreign- | Four Seas, the absolute lord of more "terms of which had been already settled ers. The opening of a new year, with than three hundred millions of people, "with Li Hung-chang, and he must insist its promise of an amelioration of trade has really no say in the matter. His "that the Peace Plenipotentiaries should at conditions and the knowledge that at last | wishes do not seem to have even been | "once accept it as it stands. They answered an effort is being made to grapple with the | consulted; he is merely a puppet Emperor, | "that they are not very well acquainted most serious drawbacks to life in Hong- | no more than a name. Even those officials | "with the details of the previous negotiakong, is to be welcomed, and with the best | who would fain act under his orders and by "tions, and as Li Hung-chane was dead, hope for the future we wish our readers, in his authority alone, are compelled to seek "they did not feel bound to accept the directions and sanction from the old lady "Convention as it stands, but must demand who sways the destinies of China. Even | "re-opening of negotiations.. The matter the new Grand Secretary, Yung Lu, has ["could not be settled on the spot, and the been obliged to defer to this usurper of "conference was ended, the Plenipotentiaries power, as will be seen by the following "promising to write to the Russian Minisremarks contained in a letter he recently "ter after they had re-considered the ' sent to some high officials in Central China, "question. WANG WEN-SHAO'S desire is to in which he exhorted them to "keep up | "abandon the terms arranged by Li Hungtheir hearts, as he was using all his best, "CHANG, but he is afraid that China will endeavours and influence with the Em-|" be helpless if any disastrous consequences press Dowager to persuade her to listen to | "follow her rejection of the Convention, and his advice and return to Peking, and that | "he seems inclined, if no other course can he would guarantee that their Majesties | "be found, to yield to the Russian Minwould leave Kaifeng for Peking on the "ister's demands, with the modification of sonages to consider the advantages a return date fixed." That there are other and "a few points which are most unfavourable to the modern capital of the Empire un- less beneficial influences than those of "to China." The telegram which we doubtedly offer. The drawbacks occasioned Yung Lu at work at the Chinese Court is published in our issue of the 27th instant, by the seat of Government being so far unhappily the fact. The harem influences dated from Shanghai on the previous evenfrom the coast and the great centres of are there, and they are both pernicious and | ing, apparently gives the next step in the population must have been very seriously corrupt. LI LIEN-YING, the favourite long and tortuous negotiations over Manfelt by the Court during its residence at eunuch of the Empress Dowager, has Her churia. It will be remembered that there Hsian-fu. The Emperor Kwang Hsu natur- Majesty's ear, and is always ready to instil were contained therein four objections ally disliked the withdrawal of the Court poison into it if it suits him to do so. He formulated by the Chinese Plenipotentiaries from the centre of Government and from uses his influence almost entirely for the against the terms of the Convention. what had to him always been the centre of gratification of his greed and the further- Apart from the four terms to which excepcivilisation. The Empress Dowager was ance of his own ends. The Kaifeng cor- tion was taken they professed themselves probably less affected by the change, though respondent of a Shanghai native paper ready to discuss the agreement at once, but she must have missed many of the conveni- shows how cleverly this knave worked the to those four they requested an answer from ences and luxuries of life to which she had movements of the Court for his own M. Lessar. been accustomed in Peking. But she prized profit. When the Court journeyed from The difficulty of comprehending the exact the sense of security which the great dis- Hsian-fu to Kaifeng there were frequent state of affairs is greatly enhanced by the tance from the coast and therefore from the complaints made as to the arrangements fact that, like the Chinese Plenipotentiaries, foreign armies gave. Her Majesty knew entered into for Her Majesty's comfort. So we are "not very well acquainted with the that the Foreign Powers were incensed soon, however, as they arrived at the Honan details of the previous negotiations." against her for the encouragement she or frontier, all difficulties at once vanished, There have been put forward from time to her adherents and advisers had afforded to and ne complaints were made. The correstime various statements professing to give the Boxer conspirators, and she was, not pondent accounts for this by saying that the text of the Convention. At least twice unnaturally, a little dubious as to the re- the Governor and Treasurer of Honan took have we been told that Russia had withception that might be given to her were she the bull by the horns, by filling Li drawn her demands, only to learn almost to place herself within their reach. It | Lien-Ying's pockets first and then arrang- immediately that she was making others required no little persuasion, no slight | ing for the comfort of Her Majesty the nearly identical in form. Hence we encouragement, to induce this astute old Empress Dowager, while the authorities of cannot say with any approach to accuracy lady to believe that she would be left in Shensi haggled with the eunuch and cut what was the Convention which Li peace if she ventured back to the scene of down his demands. The Chihli mandarius, Hung-chang was reported to be on the conflict in Peking. Several efforts were profiting by the experience of other pro- point of signing when he died on the 7th made to persuade the Empress to return to vincial officials, went one better than their November. Judging, however, from the Peking, but for a long time she could not | confrères of Honan and gave Li Lien-vine | objections attributed to Prince Chine and be got to agree to travel farther, at any all he asked and a trifle over for luck. This Wang Wen-shao, we may conclude that rate for the present, than Kaifeng-fu. The is to smooth the way for the journey of the not much change has been made from the Grand Secretary Yung Lu appears, from Court through that province to Peking. terms of the draft agreement published by native reports, to have done his utmost to Nothing can be done in China without us in March last, on the authority of our bring Her Majesty to the right frame of bribery, and the nearer approach is made Shanghai morning contemporary's corresmind on this subject, but for a long time to the centre of Government the greater pondent at Peking. The points to which without success, and it seemed probable grow the greed and extortion of officials. the Chinese representatives very naturally

Department staff, a reform for which we made, on the 10th ultimo, by some members of much wonder that corruption should be

(Daily Press, 30th December.) On the 23rd instant the Peking corresponmessage:--"I learn from a most reliable

that the Court would linger in that city for With such advisers and such harpies take exception are, briefly, the demand that several years to come, but for an attempt dominating the Court, it cannot be a source Russia should exclusively train the troops in Manchuria, limit their number, and appoint a Russian commander; that she should remain three years more in the province; that China should await Russia's consent and assistance in opening any mines in Manchuria and employ only Russian capital; and that after the restoration of the Newchwang railway to China, the latter must depend on Russia's consent, cooperation, and capital for opening any branch lines. China, in fact, objects to Russia taking over Manchuria in all but name. That her representatives could do anything less without proving themselves to belong to the same corrupt gang which has mismanaged the Empire's affairs during the past few years, it is impossible to imagine. Prince CHING and his colleague have asked for a reopening of negotiations, though a common fund or returned to the mis-willing to accept the other terms of the sionaries, but that the French sailors marines from the gunboat Zaire were old agreement as a basis for discussion. If | refused to give back their cheques. Finally | landed. It is alleged that dissatisfaction the Russian Minister keeps to his demand a cheque for 5,000 francs was written in exists among the troops at the smallness of that the agreement arranged with the late Mgr. FAVIER'S name in compensation for their pay and the quality of their rations. Li Hung-chang must be accepted as it the cheques which had been handed as Three privates were arrested, and a courtstands, an absolute deadlock is arrived at, gratuities to soldiers who had assisted the martial will sit to-morrow. which can only be relieved by the yielding missionaries in carrying off the money and of one of the parties. In fact, nine months | which these soldiers had turned into a seem to have brought the situation no nearer | common fund. To quiet the scandal, it finality that it was at the commencement | appears that the amount collected by the All the talk about the influence of Japan | looters—it is not clear how the figures were having caused Russia to cease her illicit pres- arrived at-was subtracted from the sum ed, and it remains for the Powers interested | French Roman Catholic bodies. According | to devote themselves yet more vigorously to to the Temps, 170,000 Taels were knocked sources Russia's barefaced aggression from | Bettenbourg, who is Procurator-General | gaining the desired end. The somewhat of the French Lazarists, to whose lot it fell amorphous resistance of China to her to pay the cheques signed by the Lazarists neighbour's greed cannot be prolonged in- in Peking, similarly stated in an interview ever.

MISSIONARIES AND LOOTING.

(Daily Press, 3rd January.)

The home papers last to hand bring ample details of the agitation which has been proceeding in France over the question of looting in Peking after the capture of the city by the Allies. Echoes of the discussion have been heard in other countries, but it was in France that so much publicity was given to the matter. This was partly due to the fact that the anti-clerical party in the French Chamber seized the opportunity offered by the consideration of the Chinese Loan Bill to make a violent attack on the conduct of missionaries at Peking. One deputy, Mr. BERTEAUX, proposed a motion in the following terms:-"The Chamber expresses its complete reprobation of the acts of the robbing and pillaging This motion bishop and misionaries." was defeated by 314 votes to 163, but doubt nevertheless there can be \mathbf{made} the impression debate, combined with of General Voyron's report, had no and as that ressel is now due, another scene small effect on public opinion. This was | will be enacted in the Warren-Patterson-Lopez hardly to be wondered at, considering the facts made known by the report. the authenticity of which has not been denied. One passage in this is worth quotation, as it has not yet been published in the Far Eastern Press, as far as we are aware. General VOYRON is describing the celebrated looting of Prince Li's Palace. He says:-"The missionaries, no doubt well informed, "came to the Palace with 40 carts and "200 to 300 native Christians employed "as coolies and began a methodical search. "They gathered up the silver ingots, and "thus collected an important sum. They "got themselves aided in this operation by

"soldiers and sailors stationed at Peitang, "to whom as a gratuity they gave personal "cheques of the value of 2,000 francs on "the Sisters of Saint Vincent de Paul, in "France. On learning the lot that had "befallen their comrades, certain men not "at the Peitang abandoned their canton-"ments and came to seek silver bars for "themselves. Being unable to utilise them, "they exchanged them for cheques bearing "their names on one CHAMOT, a Peking "restaurant-keeper, or on the Père Pro-"cureur of the mission. These exchanges, "the amount of which it is not easy to "determine, were made, it appears, at a "very heavy rate of interest." The report proceeds to say that the cheques given to the soldiers were either partially pooled in sure on China would in this case be unfound-! total of the compensation claimed by the the task of preventing by all diplomatic re- off the indemnity on this count. Father definitely, and those Powers which have with a representative of the Paris Figuro: real commercial interests in Manchuria are ; "Everything that the missionaries were called upon to do something more than in | "obliged to take after the siege-about the past to protect their rights, if they do | "640,000 francs-has been cut out of the not wish very shortly to see them lost for | "indemnity. The mission has paid for all | "the mission property burnt round Peitang "during the siege. The pagan people, who leaving for home to-day on a holiday. The "did not expect that, came en masse to thank "the missionaries." In this way, France has tried to atone for a discreditable incident, but the stigma on the missionaries can scarcely be considered to have been removed. There are, however, reverend looters of other nationalities, whose action, as far as is publicly known, has not thus been disowned by those responsible. The ethics of looting is a thorny subject, but beyond a doubt it was a most unfortunate thing that so many of the men who came out to China with the avowed intention of teaching the Chinese a higher system of morality than was known to them already should have allowed themselves to be involved in conduct which if not absolutely discreditable was at least of questionable honesty. It is in such circumstances that it is least advisable to have resort to the plea Humanum est errare.

> The Manila Times says that "from telegrams received in Manila it is learned that Sixto the publication Lopez has taken passage on the Rosetta Maru Senor Lopez has probably decided to come to Manila to look after the members of his family who were arrested at Batangas the other day by General Boll. This decision has in all likelihood been strengthened by his recent interviews at Hongkong with Attorney Terrell and Captain Dwyer. The latter gentleman is also supposed to be a fellow-passenger on the Rosetta Maru with Lopez. Whatever the decision may be which prompted the agitator to beard the lion in his den, will make no difference to the authorities, for upon his arrival he will be immediately requested to take the oath of allegiance, and in case of refusal a return trip to Hongkong will be presented him." We may state, however, that Senor Lopez did not sail by the Rosetta Maru.

THE CRISIS: TELEGRAMS.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

SHANGHAI, 2nd January, 8 p.m. A Belgian priest and many converts have been killed in an anti-foreign outbreak at Pinglo-hien, Kansu province, near General Tung Fuhsiang's quarters.

MUTINY AT MACAO.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

Macao, 1st January, 3.45 p.m. A suspected mutiny among the recently arrived Portuguese Infantry soldiers quartered at the San Francisco barracks was averted at 8 o'clock last night by the

[We are informed on the authority of arrivals from Macao on Thursday that nine man in all have been arrested in connection with the attempted mutiny. It was also stated, from the same source, that the discontent arose owing to the Macao Government having decided to pay the troops on a lower scale than they had been led to expect before they came out to China, and having deprived the men of a blanket which they were to have had served out to them. We give this report for what it is worth, as we naturally cannot verify it yet — ED. D. P.].

CHINESE PRESENTATION TO H.E. THE GOVERNOR.

A large number of the leading Chinese in the Colony waited upon His Excellency the Governor, Sir Henry A. Blake, G.C.M.G., at Government House at noon on the 2nd inst. and presented him with an address on the occasion of his ceremony took place in the Ball Room. His Excellency was accompanied by Sir Thomas Jackson; the Hon. J. H. Stewart Lockhart, C.M.G., Colonial Secretary; Hon. A. W. Brewin Registrar-General; Lieut. Blake, A.D. '., and Mr.R.F. Johnston, private secretary. Amongst the Chinese were Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, Messrs Fung Wa Chün, Wei On, Ho Fook, Lian Tse Sang, Ho Tung, Tan Tsz Tong, Yung Yip Ting, Lung Poo Tsz, Li San Hin, Chang Kang Yi, Kwang King Leung, Mok Man Cheung, Lau Chu Pak, Lai Shun Hing, Pun Tsz Wang Chan Win Yu, Chun Lan Hing, and Yip Chi Sin. The company stood on each side of the aparment to receive the Governor, who walked down the centre and took his place standing, in front of a table at the upper end.

The Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, addressing the Governor, said-On the eve of your departure for England on a well earned holiday, I am requested by the leading members of the Chinese community to respectfully present you with an address. In doing so on their behalf, I can assure Your Excellency that I feel the greatest personal pleasure, while at the same time I am sensible of the honour that my Chinese fellowcitizens have conferred upon me by entrusting me with the performance of this most agreeable and congenial function. It is now fully three years since Your Excellency took up the reins of Government in this important Colony of Hongkong and during that period your wise, liberal and just administration has completely won the admiration, esteem, and confidence of every section of the Chinese community. Shortly after your arrival in 1898, the Chinese began to feel that in their new Governor they had not only an august ruler but also a sympathetic friend; and in the course of time this feeling became a conviction, and with this conviction grew their affection and esteem for Your Excellency's person and increased their gratitude and loyalty to the British Crown and Government which you have so worthily represented. For, as I take it, Sir, it is scarcely human nature not to appreciate an administra-

tion such as Your Excellency's where justice is | always tempered with mercy, where national prejudices readily give place to personal sympathy, where the stern voice of command is generally softened by words of encouragement the most kindly, and when the imposition of the most stringent law is invariably accompanied with the greatest consideration for those who are thereby affected. We sincerely thank Your Excellency, therefore, for having graciously afforded us to-day this opportunity of testifying publicly our grateful appreciation of your administration, which will long be remembered by each and all of us as being emidently sympathetic and benevolent. Our fond hope is that after a short visit home you will return to this island and continue the which you have inaugurated and carried out by the opportunity thus given of improving during the past three years. We shall look the discipline of the force. forward with great pleasure, and I am afraid | The movement in favour of a more liberal | with some degree of impatience, to the day when we way welcome you back amongst us accompanied by your nobly consort. L dy Blake, to whose gentle kindness and unfailing sympathy we owe so much and for whom we entertain the profoundest esteem and sincerest regard. I beg leave now to read the address. The address ran as follows:—

TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR HENRY A. BLAKE, G.C.M.G.

Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vica-Admiral of the same...

YOUR EXCELLENCY—On behalf of the Chinese Community of Hongkong we beg repectfully to offer to you our best wishes for a pleasant holiday and to place on record the inspired in us. Indeed, if we may venture to prophesy, long after the details of your administration have grown dim it will be remembered among us by its benevolent and sympathetic character. It is by sympathy alone that the gulf that separates class from class, race from race, and religion from religion can be bridged over, and the possession of that quality and your freedom from the trammels that ignorance and prejudice impose have enabled you to take a liberal and broadminded view of all the problems you have been called upon to solve.

During the three years of Your Excellency's rule we have experienced storm as well as sunshine. Each spring has witnessed a recrudescence of the plague and each recrudescence has necessitated the adoption of stringent sanitary precautions. But the annoyance and discomfort that these have caused to many of us have been mitigated by the knowledge that we had your cordial sympathy and that, whilst recognising the necessity of the measures adopted, you recognised also that consideration was due to those who might possibly suffer under them and insisted on the greatest patience being exercised.

The typhoon of November last year, which caused so much loss and suffering to the boat population, gave to us another opportunity of appreciating your sympathy with such, the most humble members of our community, when anything touches their welfare, and it was to Your Excellency that were due the measures

of relief that were taken.

It will be long too before we forget that during the lamentable occurrences in the province of Chihli last year your prompt assistance restored to their homes many Cantonese who were in a state of extreme destitution and danger, and that during that grave crisis, when the events in Peking had estranged European sympathy, we still received at your hands the same just treatment and consideration, and we feel proud that during that trying time your confidence in our loyalty remained unshaken. Your Excellency is also to be congratulated on having successfully maintained. the most cordial relations with the local Government at Canton, thus enabling trade and commerce to be carried on with the neighbouring provinces without interruption or diminution.

But out of evil springs good, and the trials of the last few years have served to bring out into stronger relief the sympathetic character of your government and to bind the Chinese inhabitants of the Colony more closely to the British Empire.

Every department of our social and municipal life has experienced the stimulating effect of your keen interest. The increased accommodation at the Ture Wa Hospital testifies to it. as does the Infectious Diseases Hospital which is being built at Kennedy Town; and we recall with gratitude that we are indebted to Your Excellency for the recognition of the justice of our claim to treat Chinese suffering from infectious diseases in our own hospital under Government madical inspection.

The erection of public bath-houses will give the labouring classes opportunities which they have not hitherty possessed in Hongkong of exercising cleanliness, and the maintenance of law and order will by rendered easier by the erection of the Central District Watchmen's noble policy of an enlightened Government | House on lind given by the Government; and

> education for our sons and daughters owes its existence to your suggestion and encouragement

and to that of Lady Blake.

But it is not only the inhabitants of Hongkong who have cause to remember Your Excellency's administration. The benevolent spirit that actuates it has been quickly recognised by the inhabitants of the New Territory. The good order that was so soon established and that still exists there undisturbed bears testimony to the contentment of the inhabitants and to their confidence in the justice of British rule. The interest that Your Excellency has taken in agriculture and in local industries has been highly appreciated and will bear good fruit, and we are confident that the money devoted to the opening up of communications and to developing the resources of the Territory profound gratitude and admiration which your | is money well spent, and that the New Terriable and sympathetic administration has tory will soon prove a valuable acquisition to this Colony.

In conclusion we beg to offer to Your Excellency our respectful congratulations on the present state of the Colony. On all sides is to by seen evidence of industrial and commercial growth, whilst the increase in the Colonial revenue has kept pace with commercial development. We trust that Your Excellency will spend a pleasant holiday and that on your arrival in England you will find your family in good health; and we hope that it will not be long before you return invigorated to resume the responsible duties of your high office. We respectfully beg that Your Excellency will be kind enough to convey to Lady Blake, who we hope will accompany you on your return, our sincerest wishes for her welfare. Those who have had the privilege and honour of knowing Lady Blake will not soon forget her never-failing kindness and her gracious interest in all relating to the social and family life of the Chinese. (Applause).

Mr. Fung WA Chun afterwards read the address in Chines.

Resuming, Hon. Dr. Ho Kai said-Before handing to Your Excellency the address, however, I would ask your kind permission to refer to two matters. The first is that the album I am about to hand over to you, Sir, contains only a copy of the address in English and Chinese; the address itself is being sent to Canton to be embroidered on silk. When it is finished I shall have the honour to forward it to Your Excellency. The next is, I regret today the unavoidable absence of my honourable colleague Mr. Wei Yuk, whose letter to me, if Your Excellency will permit me to read it, will explain itself. He writes as follows under the date 39th December:apologies to His Excellency and express my deep regret for my unavoidable absence on the occasion of the presentation of an address to him by the Chinese. My absence is due to family reasons. My presence is required in Canton on the occasion of the marriage of my nephew, and I am suffering from ill health besides, and my medical adviser has advised me to leave Hongkong for a change of air. Kindly offer my apologies to His Excellency." With these remark, I beg to present the address to you. Applauso).

The address was formally accepted by His Excellency. It is the work of M ssrs. Kelly & excellence of its design and execution. It is shanties constructed by these poor people

bound in black relieved by silver filigree cornerpieces, and in the centre is a small tablet of the same metal bearing the following inscription:—Presented to His Excellency Sir Henry A. Blake, G.C.M.C.. by the Chinese community of Hongkong and others.

HIS EXCELLENCY the G .VERNOR having accepted the address, said-Dr. Ho Kai and gentlemen, I thank you most heartily for the evidence of good feeling towards me and Lady Blake conveyed in this address, and you, Dr. Ho Kai, for the observations with which it has been so kindly prefaced by you. In your observations on the effects of sympathy I fully concur. Without mutual sympathy and forbearance it is difficult for two peoples with divergent social systems and customs to live together with And that we do comfort as free men. live without friction in Hongkong, where every man enjoys freedom in its fullest form, freedom to think his own thoughts, to speak his own mind, and to guide his own actions without interference, so long as those actions do not prevent the exercise of a similar freedom by others, is a proof that the feeling of sympathy is not confined to the Governor but is widely shared by the community. European and Chinese. You have mentioned many incidents of the three years since I have assumed the administration of this Government, and chiefest among them is the annually recurring visitation of plague. This is a scourge that has been known in Europe for several hundreds of years. In olden times when Europe knew as little of sinitation as china knows to day one half the population was swept away in certain places by the plague, but with the increased knowled ze of the present day the plague, which has again been introduced from the East, has made no progress but has died out in consequence of the very stringent sanitary measures of disinfection and cleanliness undertaken by the various Sanitary Boards. It is because we have seen the success of these measures that we are striving so eagerly to save the lives of the Chinese people in Hongkong by the adoption of similar means, and I wish to tell you and, through you, the Chinese people how deeply I am impressed by their attitude and assistance in our present efforts to avert by timely precautions a visitation of plague in the present year. I have walked through the streets that are being disinfected and I see the Chinese families bearing all the inevitable discomforts with a cheerful fortitude that could not be excooded by any community in the world. God grant that these precautions may be successful, but successful or not you may rest assured that we are trying honestly to save the lives of the Chinese working people by the measures that seem to us to promise the greatest prospect of success. The move nent in favour of more liberal education is fraught with issues of great moment for the people of all Southern China in the future, for such an advance in knowledge among you immediate families will inevitably extend to the neighbouring provinces and bring the light of modern knowledge to supplement the classical lite-ature with which China has been content for so many centuries. With knowledge will come progress and a new and brighte: lift. I have no doubt that the report of the Commission on Education, now sitting in Hongkong, of which Dr. Ho Kai is a member, will suggest many improvements in the system of education now existing in this Colony. I receive with great pleasure the renewed expression of your loyalty to His Majesty the King, and the confirmation of reports from other sources of Dear Dr. Ho Kai,-Kindly make my sincere | the contentment of the inhabitants of the New Territory. Of your loyalty you have given substantial proofs, and as to the New Territory, the inhabitants have shown by their actions that they already realise the benefits of living under the benign rule of Great Britain. I have every reason to be satisfied with their conduct. I agree with you the New Territory will ere long form a prosperous portion of the Colony of Hongkong. I am glad to tel you that we have completed the construction of the leper settlement near Un Long to replace the miserable huts in which these afflicted people were half sheltered before we took over Walsh and reflects credit upon them by the the territory. This settlement of wretched

themselves in the most primitive manner, in | the middle of a swamp has been replaced by small houses built by the Public Works Department on the side of a hill hard by. Farther than this supply of proper shelter I have not felt it necessary to go, as the neighbours, with that ready charity that I have found so conspicuous in the Chinese people, support the unfortunate sufferers with sufficient supply of food. You point to the development of the Colony, and I agree with you that its development is everything that could be desired. As the trade of China increases so must Hougkong take tits toll of the ever-increasing mass of shipping passing through our port. But that increase of business means an increased influx of people and increased difficulty in their accommodation. I hope that the many houses now being erected in Kowloon, and the encouragement to building outside Victoria that will be given by the construction of a tram line from West to East, will relieve the overcrowding in the town of Victoria, where we cannot continue to tolerate a pressure of population declared to be dangerous to the health of the community and unequalled in any city in China or in any part of the world. And now, gentlemen, once again I thank you for your expression of good feeling, which I assure you is warmly reciprocated by Lady Blake and myself. I hope to be back before the summer, and I earnestly pray that Hongkeng may be spared from a visitation of plague this year. But, whatever Providence may have in store for us, I am certain that should we unhappily have to face another epidemic you will meet it with fortitude and in any case that you will be in the future as in the past patient, practical, peaceful subjects of His Majesty the King. I look forward to our return with pleasure and I wish you one and all a happy and a prosperous New Year. (Applause).

At the conclusion of the Governor's remarks, Dr. Ho Kai rendered it shortly into Chinese, after which three hearty cheers were given on his call for His Excellency and three more and a "tiger" for Lady Blake, on the call of

Mr. Fung Wa Chün.

His Excellency—I thank you very cordially,
for myself and on behalf of Lady Blake, to
whom I shall not fail to communicate the good

feelings you have expressed.

Light refreshments were then servel, and after being photographed in front of the house the company dispersed.

ALLEGED ARREST OF A CHINESE REFORMER ON A BRITISH VESSEL.

We are informed from a reliable source that Chinese officials at Canton on Wednesday last boarded a British steamer on its arrival at that city, arrested a Chinaman on a charge of being a Reformer, and conveyed him to prison where he now lies awaiting execution.

It appears the unfortunate man is named Put Wing Nin, and is a B.A. of Honan province. For some time he has lived in Hongkong, and being progressive in his ideas has been marked down by the spies and satellites of the Chinese Government, who reside here and work their will in defiance of the British authorities. Put Wing Nin was a passenger by the s.s. Powan, and he was followed to Canton by spies who, it is said, in company with Chinese officials who boarded the ship on its arrival, arrested him on the charge of being a Reformer. The arrest must have been made secretly and the man practically kidnapped, for the steamer agents appear to be ignorant of the matter. The Reformer will most likely be executed, although his being a scholar may delay such a fate. Several of the Consuls, we understand, are moving in the matter, and if it is the case, as is stated, that he was arrested on a British yessel, there is no doubt our able and energetic Consul-General at Canton will take prompt and vigorous action.

With the recent murder of a schoolmaster, also a Reformer, in the Colony by the emissions aries; of the Chinese officials at Canton, an outrage as yet unavenged, and this latest outrage of the spies of the Chinese Governoutrage.

ment who reside here, it might well and reasonably be asked, what the local police are doing to allow such a state of things to exist? Surely the police know what is going on.

SHIPPING DISASTER IN HAINAN STRAITS.

B.B. "CLARA" SUNK.

The master of the s.s. Hanoi, which has arrived in the Harbour, reports having picked np part of the crew and pasengers of the German steamer Clara (Messrs Jebsen & Co.) on the 29th ult., in Hainan Straits. It transpires that the Clara went ashore on the North bank in hazy weather. The crew and passengers took to the boats, leaving the master, the chief and seco d engineers, and four European passengers on board. It was supposed that those remaining on the steamer also took to the boats before the stranded vessel was driven off the bank by the wash of the seas and sunk in deep water, as ultimately happened Their fate meantime, however, was surrounded with uncertainty. Telegraphic communication

with Hoihow is interupted. The report of Mr. Merlees, master of the Hanoi, upon the occurrence, is as follows:-"I beg to state that, when I was steaming out the middle channel in Hainan Straits on the 29th between 10 a.m. and 11 a.m., three boats' crews were picked up belonging to the German steamer Clara. At noon two rafts were sighted; picked up Chinese passengers from same. Was told by the second officer Mr. Mehlhose, who was in the first boat picked up that the ship had struck the North bank at 8 p.m. on the 28th. I then went in search of the wreck, approaching the bank as close as pessible for safety, without finding any trace of her, weather at the time being hazy with drizzling rain. At 2.15 p.m. set course for Hongkong. Crew and passengers picked up as follows:-Mr. Mehlhose, second officer; Mr. Frenzel, third, engineer; 22 Chinese crew, and 20 Chinese passengers. The second officer informed me that he passed the chief officer's boat at 4.30 a.m. containing himself and 12 Chinese passengers; also mentioned that the captain and two engineers and four European passengers were on board when they left the steamer."

The master is Mr Ulderup and the chief engineer Mr. Wittmack. The third engineer joined the ship at Haiphong and his name is not known to the agents here. Three of the missing European passengers came from Haiphong and one from Hoihow.

The Clara was built in 1882 at Kiel and has been engaged in the coasting trade here for about 16 years.

LATER NEWS.

The Douglas steamer Thales (Captain Robson), which arrived in the Harbour on Thursday from Pakhoi and Hoihow, brings later and happier news regarding those officers and passengers who were left on the steamer Clara after she stranded. The Thales reports that according to news emanating from (hinese sources in Hoinow, the master of the wrecked steamer, Mr. Ulderup, and the four missing passengers arrived in an open boat at Hoihow on New Year's Eve, utterly exhausted and with hands blistered by the long pull. The passengers are Frenchmen. Nothing is said, however, regarding the two engineers who were at first reported to have remained on board with the master and the four passengers, and it seems probable that they are in the chief officer's boat, which is still missing. The Chinese cruiser Lakin, when the Thales left Hoihow on the New Year's Day, had just returned from an unsuccessful cruise in search of the missing boat.

With reference to the paragraph in our issue of the 30th ult., which stated that the Chinese Six Companies of San Francisco are making strenous efforts to prevent the re-enactment of the U.S. Exclusion Law, news comes from that city that agencies are already being formed in Hongkong for the transportation of coolies to America in the event of the law being allowed to lapse. The leading Chinese in the Colony disclaim all knowledge of such organisations being formed. There are at present in existence, however, emigration and brokers' agencies which could supply any number of coolies which might be required.

CHINA SQUADRON HEAVY GUN CHALLENGE TROPHY.

We hear from a reliable, though unofficial, quarter that the China Squadron Heavy Gun Challenge Trophy arrived from England on the Cressy for presentation to H.M.S. Terrible, which beat the rest of the Navy in the competition for it. Strange to say, however, the naval Athorities here state that they have no cognisance of the arrival of the Trophy, the obvious intention being to send it on board the successful ship without any formality, as if it were a parcel of provisions. Should such turn out to be the case, there will be no two opinions that such a line of conduct is a mistaken policy, considered in any aspect. It was confidently hoped that the new Commander-in-Chief would grace the ceremony of the presentation with his presence and speech; for the importance of the competition for which the Trophy was offered cannot be over-emphasised, and all honour should be done to that vessel of His Britannic Majesty which carries off the palm in such an all-important department of the practice of warfare as straight shooting. The ship which can get in the most hits per gun per minute is obviously of the greatest strategic value in a squadron. One Terrible that can be relied upon to hit an opponent in a like manner as this ship has done a prize-firing target for two successive years, is at present equivalent to two-if not, in some cases, three-other cruisers in the fleet. Such firing has been described as phenomenal—a term which is a misnomer; it is simply the outcome of consistent training and a feat apparently of easy accomplishment in any other ship similarly trained with similar guns.

Lord Selborne, the present First Lord of the Admiralty, recently stated-"What would win would be the best disciplined, most courageous, most self-reliant, and most tenacious officers and men, led by the most capable admiral." But he evidently forgot, or did not know. that all those qualities would become nought unless the fleet guns can shoot straight; and not only straight but rapidly also; a combination essential to success. The Navy primarily exists to protect the Empire from the foe, and secondarily to guard our commerce. We in China, at any rate, shall not consider ourselves sufficiently secure until the Squadron have emulated the Terrible's performance: not a difficult or very supreme effort if the gun crews get fair play. It is indeed a healthy sign that our admirals and captainsthe Trophy was purchased by Admiral Seymour and the Captains of the China Squadron-are instituting prizes for good shooting instead of awarding them for the cleanest guns. Quite lately it was announced that the Kaiser had instituted a similar trophy for competition amongst the German Asiatic Squadron.

If our surmise is correct that the Trophy is simply to be dumped on board the Terrible on her arrival here—she is expected on the 4th or 5th inst. - we hope the Commander-in-Chief will revise the decision which has been come to and that it will be presented with all the pomp and circumstance which the occasion calls for. It is of paramount importance that the existence of the Trophy should not be allowed to be forgotten. Were the Commanderin-Chief to present the Trophy by his own hands it would not only be a graceful act, but it would serve to show the importance he himself attaches to straight shooting and to engender that keen and healthy rivalry which ought to exist among the Squadron for the the possession of such an enviable distinction as that which belongs to the ship whose crew have proved themselves superior to all in the matter of straight shooting.

A New York correspondent states that the Atlantic passenger pool is said to have broken down. The English lines say that the Germans began the trouble by giving superior accommodation below the agreed schedule. Hence the Cunard fixed a minimum rate on its crack boats of \$50. The North German Lloyd and Hamburg announce a cut of \$10. The White Star is expected shortly to announce a \$50 rate on the Oceanic, being, like the Cunard reduction, \$10 below the previous minimum.

S. PÉTER'S CHURCH AND MISSION.

The annual meeting of the S. Peter's Church and Mission was held in the Kowloon Institute on the 30th ult. Before the business was proceeded with, the company sat down to a substantial tea. After tea an adjournment was made to the concert room, which was prettily decorated with flags, &c., and was crowded to the doors with sailors and soldiers as well as a good number of clerical and lay friends of the Mission. The Right-Rev. J. C. Hoare, D.D., Bishop of Victoria, took the chair at 7.45, being accompanied on the platform by the Rev. E. J. Hardy, Rev. W. Banister, Rev. E. H. Good, Rev. T. Wright, Rev. G. A. Bunbury, Rev. C. E. L. Cowan, Rev. J. D Dathan, Rev. J. C. Leishman, Rev. C. J. Harper, Rev. Nichols, U.S.A., Capt. Brown, and the choir. At intervals during the evening carols were sung very pleasingly by the augmented choir of | the Mission, under the direction of Mr. H. Sykes (hon. organist) and Mr. Sheffield. The report of the committee for the year 1900 was read by the junior (haplain (Rev. T. Wright) from which we take the following extracts:-"The visitation of ships has been carried on vigorously, more than two thousand five hundred visits having been paid to merchant Lodge of Hongkong and South China held on sh ps and warships. Literature and scriptures have been freely distributed and many words in season have been spoken by the chaplains and workers. . . . Owing to the smaller number of sailing ships in port the Sailors' Home has not been so well filled as in past years and in consequence the opportunities for work amongst the men in residence have been fewer, and the attendances at daily morning prayer smaller than in the past year. On the other hand owing to the fact that during the absence of the Rev. R. F. Cobbold the Chaplains have taken services in H. M. Gaol and visited the prisoners in their cells many other opportunities for reaching seagoing men have been afforded. Under the management of Mr. Wilcockson the Kowloon Institute has continued its usefulnes and has this year been used by a larger number of seamen than in any previous year. . . . The "Star" Coffee House has this year suffered through the dishonesty of its manager, Mr McPherson, who absconded taking with him nearly one hundred and fifty dollars. A smaller amount has this year been received in subscriptions to the "Star" and in consequence of this and the loss above referred to the deficit balance is somewhat larger than in the past year. . The committee would take this opportunity to thank the subscribers to the funds for their continued kind help, and would once more appeal most earnestly to their friends in Hongkong for an increase in the number of annual subscriptions that the funds may be put upon a less precarious base. They record with thankfulness an increase in the amount of subscriptions from ships and would tender special thanks to the members of the Cathedral choir, who by means of the concerts which they organised added to the funds the handsome sum of nearly four hundred dollars."

At the conclusion of the report, the Bishop in an humorous speech complimented the Mission on its very successful year's work, and expressed the greatest admiration of the Chaplains for their skill in "roping in" such a variety of contributors to the work. The Revs. E. J. Hardy and W. Banister also congratulated the Mission on the noble work it was doing among the seamen, and wished it increased prosperity during the coming year.

from the company, sang "Mary of Argyle." and in response to an uproarious encore "My heart is sair for somebody." Later on in the evening she also gave "Oh, whistle an' I'll come tae ye, my lad," with "Comin' thro' the rye" as an encore. Messrs. G. W. Coster and F. Whittick submitted "The Star of Bethlehem' and."The Good Shepherd" respectively, and were accorded a good reception. A very enjoyable evening terminated with votes of thanks to the ladies (proposed by Capt. Brown and seconded by the Rev. J. H. France) and to the chairman and the choir.

been created by the Civil Commission at Manila.

MASONIC AFFAIRS.

On Friday evening. 27th ult., the Deputy District Grand Master, Rt. Wor. Bro. E. C. Ray, with the District Grand Lodge Officers, attended at the Masonic Hall for the purpose of installing Bro. J. J. Bryan as Worshipful Master of Zetland Lodge. Wor. Bro. Bryan, after being duly installed in the chair, appointed and invested his officers as follows:-Immi diate Past Mas er, Wor. Bro. W. J. Tutcher; Senior Warden, Bro. B. Brotherton Harker; Junior Warden, Bro. J. W. Graham; Chaplain, Bro. Lev. T. Wright; Treasurer, Wor. Bro. G. J. P. Sayer; Secretary, Bro. E. Ra!phs; Senior Deacon, Bro. H. Sykes; Junior Deacon, Bro. W. II. Pincell; Director of Ceremonies, Bro. C. Nièriker; Organist, Bro. C. W. Marshall; Steward, Bro. A. H. Skelton, Inner Guard, Bro. G. A. Diss; Tyler, Bro. J. Marshall.

The brethren then adjourned to the Lower Hall, where the banquet took place. The usual patriotic and Masonic toasts were given, and the rest of the evening devoted to conviviality and music. Among those who contributed largely to the musical part of the programme were Messrs. Ward, Galluzzi, Grimble, Mirow, Goldring, and Terrill.

At the annual meeting of the District Grand

Saturday evening, 28th ult., the Deputy District Grand Master, Wor. Brother E. C. Ray, presided, and appointed and invested the following officers for the ensuing year: District Senior Grand Warden, G. J. W. King; District Junior Grand Warden, F. B. Smith; District Grand Chaplain, F. W. Clark; District Grand Treasurer, F. W. Edwards; District; Grand Registrar, G. Piercy Jr; District Grand President Board of Gen'l. Insp., D. Macdonald; District Grand Secretary, A. O'D. Gourdin; District Senior Grand Deacou, J. G. Gotz; District Junior Grand Deacon, W. J. Tutcher; District Grand Superintendent of Works, J. J. Bryan; District Grand Director of Ceremonies, W. H. Wickham; District Assistant Grand Director of Cers., R. C. Edwards; District Sword Bearer, Alex. Cumming; Grand Standard Bearer, W. M. Bearer, E. A. Stanton; District Grand men, was an undertaking that has been highly Organist, A. G. Ward; District Grand Pursuivant, G. G. Burnett; District Assistant Grand Pursuivant, B. B. Harker; District Grand Steward, E. H. Ray; District Grand steward, A. W. Bewley; District Grand Steward, H. W. Wolfe; District Grand Steward, A. H. Heyland; District Grand Steward, S. W. Corinthian Lodge; District Grand Steward, S. W. Foochow; District' Grand Tyler, James Marshall. Unofficial Members, Wor. Bro. W. L. Ford, Wor. Bro

KOWLOON DOCK DANCE,

H. J. Watson.

The annual dance of the Kowloon Dock staff' supplied, or desire ratisfied. was given as usual on Hogmanay night and The New Year arrived while supper was being served and was ushered in in the old-fashioned Scotch way, mutual wishes for heath and prosperity being exchanged and "Auld Langsyne" sung. Mr. W. B. Dixon presided and was supported by Messrs. W. Wilson, W. C. Jack, H. Smith, A. Millar, T. Skinner, D. MacDonald, of Messrs. Kinghorn and MacDonald, E. C. Wilkes, R. V. Rutter, S. Wilson, D. McDonald, and W. Stewart. who as secretary carried out all the arrangements to the satisfaction of every one. The supper was served in the new reading A bureau of cold storage and ice-plant has and recreation room, which adjoins the hall. After the celebration of the advent of 1902, the

Chairman made a short speech, retrospective of the progress made by the Dock Company during the, past year and wishing it and the assembly continued success in the present. Mr W. Wilson proposed the health of the chairman, a toast which was enthusiastically honoured. The Chairman then formally declared the reading room opened and presented it to Mr. Jack as chairman of the staff, wishing him at the same time long life and prosperity. Mr Jack thanked the Chairman very heartily on behalf of the employers for the gift of the reading room. Dancing was afterwards resumed.

CHRISTMAS AT WEIHAIWEI.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

In typical Xmassy weather the festive season has been fully appreciated in this Anglo-Chivese colony. To, Britons born, snow and ice are natural elements that are closely associated with, and indeed welcomed at, this period of the year. The advent of snow, sollowed by severe frost, enabled the pastimes of tobogganing and skating to be freely indulged in by a numerous elientele. It also brought to the front numerous sleigh inventors who had hitherto hidden their inventive talents under a bushel; numerous appliances; ranging from the scientifically constructed models of the venturous senior officers, to the unscientific candle-box pattern of the volatile middies, being created. Twelve degrees below freezing point demands exceptional physical activity to keep one's body from becoming frozen meat. so the aforementioned sports, mingled with hockey and football, materially assisted to cheat nature's refrigerator of vic ims - or carcases.

On the 2 rd, the Argonaut (Captain G. H. Cherry) arrived in harbour to relieve the Terrible, an arrangement quite in keeping with the dignity of this strategic place, which would now seem lost without its four funnelled depot ship and despatch vessel. The Terrible, however, will be missed in many ways; not a few of the improvements on the island of Linkungtao having been due the labours of an energetic crew. The latest innovation, that of the transformation of a disused Chinese temple into a ten-house and recreation club for naval seaof both the British and Chinese communities are especially due to Lieut. Bogle, R.N., who has spent much labour in renovating the old Chinese theatre and repainting the allegorical figures, so that this conspicuous building with its freshly gilded root is now one of the show places of the island.

The large emporium :-and shops of lesser importance in Seymour Street having provided a good selection of sea onable goods, neither the naval, military, nor civilian population could reasonably complain of not being amply catered for. 'I he Chinese vendors had quite excelled all previous efforts satisfactorily to purvey for their British customers. No want could not be

Xmas morn opened with a keen wind that proved a great success. The dance was held in penetrated almost through the body, in spite of the new drawing loft, a spacious apartment the layers of clothing with which one adorns which easily takes rank as the best and biggest oneself as a defence against the attac of a dancing hall in the Colony. There was no searching northern wind. However, Siberian lack of decorations. The room was gay with winds did not prevent a large attendance on the colour, relieved with greenery. For this recreation ground during the foreneon to part of the work thanks are due to Messrs, witness a Squad on League mutch between the G. Patton, S. Wilson, Graham, Ewing Argonauts and Terribles; two teams that, up to and W. Stewart. Music was supplied by the present, stand very well for the Challenge the band of the Welsh Fusiliers. The com- shield. The play was fast, and the combination pany numberd 260. Dancing commenced about of both teams exceedin ly good, a remarkable Mrs. Mudie, who received a splendid reception | 9 o'clock and was continued with great spirit feature of the match being that the referee's until an early hour on New Year's morning. whistle was not once brought into use, although vigorous s'kirmishing ne ir both goals frequently took place. The "Argos," who were the favourites before the match, were fortunate enough to score a goal a few minutes before the game finished, thus adding two more points to their already high percentage. Immediately the match ceased, some hundreds of blue jackets and marines swiftly betook themselves to the sampans and made for their ships, the excitement of the game and sharp crisp weather combined having apparently invested each with an abnormal appetite that would take a considerable Xmas dinner to appease.

Proceeding on board the Terrible, which ship like the others was dressed almost from truck to

keelson with huge bunches of mistleloe, a pleasing sight met the visitor. A happy inspiration had caused an invite to be sent to the Argonaut for some 250 of her crew to dine with the Terribles to-day—a unique compliment at Christmastide—so that something like 1,000 men had now assembled to witness the customary parade. Following in the wake of Captain Percy Scott and the ship's officers, who were preceded by the ship's band vigorously playing the "Roast beef of Old England' (which article, by-the-bye, was most conspicuous by its entire absence, either spurious or otherwise) a tour of the spacious decks was made. To a civilian, the scene 'tween decks, which had been richly festooned with flags in Arcadian fashion, was truly enchanting. Here again mistletoe was profusely used for decorative purposes, also for encirclng favourite photos of various types of the gentler sex, from the gay geisha-girls of Japan to the merry maids of old England. Keen rivalry in mess decorations and in the cookery art was everywhere in evidence Except the professional chef, no one can approach the handy-man at turning out an appetizing feed, or at understanding the many mystic methods of skilled cookery, . It is part of his training. Mottoes, significant and humorous, met the eye from every conspicuous place. "Beware of our neighbours," appropriately posted up one mess, who had the "Robbers' Retreat" next door to them; and "Be not afraid, our food has been analyzed," advertised another mess. "Lost. Paying off orders" and "Found. A paying off Pennant" were mottoes that needed little explanation. From proffered plates, held by representatives in each mess, the Captain. officers, and guests, were invited to partake of delectable delicacies; an elephants stomach capacity being absolutely necessary to conceal everything that custom required should be accepted. In the petty officers' mess a met chanically worked dummy did the honours, bu, woe betide anyone who partook of its hospitality for each tempting morsel was highly charged which electricity, and usually enforced an uncomplimentary Xmas greeting from the unwary guest. The ship's galley might easily have been mistaken for one of Gatti's Grills in the Strand. Here were geese, hares, pheasants, hams, and plum puddings galore, only awaiting the "Rounds" to pass by before receiving the coup-de-grace from ten hundred pairs of knives and forks. Deserving of special mention was the Mutoscopic Tableau that was neatly prepared and executed by the Chief Petty Officers' Mess. Standing in a recess made up of flags was a carved wooden model of the Terrible, performing target practice at sea; so arranged that, while a suppositions run was being made, twelve shots were fired at a miniature target and a "possible" obtained. Needless scarcely to add, this piece of ingenuity so effectively manipulated, caused considerable, fun and indeed no little wonderment. The final act that ended the ceremonial parade was the presentment of a lower-deck address, neatly written on a large blackboard with chalk as follows:—

Season's Greetings.

To the Captain and officers from ship's Company:

tients there are none, Also to Mrs. Percy Scott, and your bonny

Greetings true from all the crew-dissen-

little son. To the Commander and all officers, sincere

welcome is extended; But Captain Scott, have "They" forgot, it's

time our commission ended?— Up at the main we look in vain to see if the pennant has descended.

Nigh four years ago "They" must well know—it admits of no denials—

That up and down the Channel for months, the ship ran severe steam trials.

And afterwards, we with our guns bid goodbye to kin and kith; At Colenso, Spion Kop, Vaal Krantz, at

Pieter's Hill and Ladysmith, Naval traditions we did uphold: and White relieved forthwith.

Queen Victoria and their Lordships cabled a gravious congratulation,

Also telegraphic orders came—to sail for the China Station.

Again "They" knew, our guns and crew were landed with expedition,

And with straight and rapid shooting sent the Boxers to perdition.

After all our arduous service, Sir, will you chalk down a reply

As to when we may expect "Relief"--and to China say "Good-Bye?"

Taking the piece of suspended chalk, "I cannot tell you what I do not know myself," was the characteristic reply the Captain wrote; a sentence that did not fulfil the high hopes and eager expectations of the Terribles, who imagined the Captain possessed the secret, and might disclose it on such an occasion as this. A brief verbal reply, inspiriting and humorous, followed the perusal of the address, which, from its reception, was a sort of compensation for the written answer accorded the main question. Ringing cheers for the Captain, Commander and officers of both the Terrible and Argonaut completed the "Rounds," after which pleasant ramb'e amidst "Druryolanus" scenes dinner was served. Such a scene of spontaneous enthusiasm speaks well for the esprit de corps that certainly exists in the "Black Sea Cat's" successor on the Navy List. In the military and marine barracks, and naval mess on shore, the day was also appropriately observed, a gathering of the clans and impromptu concerts taking place in the evening.

Thus was Xmas Day at Weihaiwei right

royally observed.

CANTON.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

Canton, 3)th December.

NEW VICEROY FOR CANTON. Official changes have been sanctioned by the court, but it is not certain when they are to come into effect. The Viceroy's ill health and his wish to retire have been met by the appointment of the Viceroy of Szechuen to this city. He is a Manchu named Fui, but has not shown very pronounced political opinions. The Governor has also received a promotion, not altogether to the sorrow of the inhabitants,

and is to be succeeded by the Treasurer of Chihli province.

MEETING THE INDEMNITY.

To help provide the indemnity a proclamation has just appeared ordering the increase of the lekin duties on certain articles. The duties on opium, tea, sugar, wine, and tobacco have been gradually raised at various times until they reached the sum of 18 tacls 2 mace per 100 catties. From this they are again increased to 23, taels 6 mace and 6 candareens. It would be idle to speculate on the amount that this will produce, but to raise the large share of the indemnity required from the province the officials will probably have to resort to still further means. Fortunately for them they are a separate taxing anthority with power, though somewhat limited, to enforce their demands. But as they have to contend with rising prices, a steady rise in the value of copper and fall in the exchange of cash, and a people who resent the injustice of paying for the follies of North China, it will tax all their ingenuity to obtain the sum required. THE CANTON BAILWAY.

The chief topic in this city is the arrival of the head of the company which has secured the railway concession, and speculations as to where work will be actually begun. It is proposed to begin with a sort of experimental line, some three miles long, running from the wharf eastwards. According to native newspapers work will be begun about the Chinese New Year.

THE FA YUN MINING BEPORT.

The report of the commissioners sent to enquire into the prospects of successful mining at Fa Yun has just been published. The commissioners are not in favour of working the mines of silver and tin which are found there, as they are of opinion that the expenses would be too heavy. They recommend rather the opening up of the coal-mines, pointing out that although the coal is not of very good quality it is good enough for the use of local steamers, while the nearness of the mines will give it an advantage which should enable it to compete successfully with any seaborne coal. Nothing has as yet been decided.

A SCHOOL FOR ENGLISH.

Subscriptions are being invited for the founding of an English School in Honam. The company which is undertaking it has already one foundation in Hongkong, but wishes to establish another here. The Viceroy has been approached with a request that he would allow himself to be named as president of it, but has declined to do so.

FRENCH ENTERP / 18E.

According to a paragraph in a native newspaper, a new hospital has been opened by the French authorities. It is situated on the bank of the river, in a central position, and is to give free treatment to Chinese patients. A shop in the city at present closed has a notice to the effect that it will shortly be re-opened under French patronage for the sale of books translated from that language.

A LAUNCH INSPECTOR. An inspector has been secured by the Imperial Customs to undertake the duty of overhauling the machinery and hulls of the many steam launches that ply for hire in the neighbourhood

and of certifying them as sea-worthy. He has now arrived and taken up his duties.

PRISONERS AT WORK. A. gaol delivery was held monthly by the Nam Hoi and Pun Yu magistrates, and some hundred prisoners were lodged in the newly built reformatory on the bill of the Goddess of Mercy. They will be engaged in weaving cloth and making shoes, and instructors have been engaged for them. Those who do not work will be confined in the cells which are provided within the building. They are paid for their work by the piece and out of every dollar they earn 40 cents is stopped as a tuition fee, and 35 cents towards the expenses of their food. The remaining 25 cents accumulates until their discharge, when it is handed over to them to keep them until they can find further employment.

SWATOW.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

Swatow, 24th December.

THE KIALAT CLUB DANCE. The ball given by the members of the above Club took place on Friday last. In spite of the unpleasant and inclement state of the weather, the dance was largely attended and, as had been anticipated, was a success in every respect.

STEAMER STRANDED.

The s.s. Peleus (Capt. Nichollson) carrying a cargo of korosene oil in bulk from Hongkong to this port and consigned to Messrs. Bradley & Co., is badly ashore below Breaker Point. The Peleus being of very shallow draught, has to keep close to the land when coming up the coast; experiencing a strong N. E. gale, she become unmanageable and was driven on to a sandbank, where she lies at present.

FOOCHOW.

The following items are from the Foochow Echo of the 21st December:

H.I.G.W. cruiser Geier left the Pagoda Anchorage on Tuesday, the 17th instant, for Kiaochau direct, and the best wishes of this community went with her.

The rainfall yesterday came as a great boon and we could well have done with two or three days of it, since all the ponds and wells have been running dry after nearly five months

drought.

The rumours that the officials are experiencing considerable difficulty in collecting the new taxes continue unabated. This week it is reported that the Min Magistrate, who found it necessary to go to a certain district in person on this business, met with most unpleasant treatment. Of course the head of the district was severely punished for this, but the story goes to show how strong the resistance to this. new taxation must be when the people dare to insult so high an official. The reports of the extraordinary number of literary degrees obtained by bribery, are, if true, scandalous. It. is the last chance H.E. the Literary Chancellor will have of indulging in this sort of thing, but in the meantime there has been a great deal of talk about it, and natural indignation expressed in certain quarters.

under the auspices of the Fohkien Race Club, Dowager. He has a younger brother, P'u was undoubtedly the most successful there has | T'ung, who has also been mentioned, is nearly been for some years. Nearly a hundred were of the same age as the Emperor, and is more present, including several officers in uniform in sympathy with reform. The grandson of from H.I.G.M.'s Geier, then in port. The late Prince Kung, who is the present Prince band from that ship, whose services were most | Kung, has also been mentioned. He is a little graciously placed it the disposal of the hosts | over twenty, and of fairly good manners and for the evening, did much indeed towards enhan- | good intentions, but of no marked ability. In cing the attractions of the entertainment and case the present Prince Chun should have a the dancing was kept up with a grand swing in consequence.

The visits of professional vocalists to Foochow are so few and far between that when they are made there is a general feeling of satisfaction running through the community. Substantial proof of this was given on Thursday by the large attendance at the Club in response to Madame Freed's announcement that she was . vgiving a concert on that evening; the chance of hearing good singing and instrumental music had occurred, and was eagerly availed of. Madame Freed was ably assisted by ladies and gentlemen of the community, and her concert in every way was a grand success.

PEKING.

Peking, 13th December. VICEROY YUAN SHI-KAI has returned to Paotingfu. He failed to persuade the Ministers to abandon the Provisional Government. It is a disappointment to him. He now intends to meet the Court on its way. .

EDUCATION. In the educational line, it should be mentioned that Professor Gieter, of the Imperial University has opened up a French class in the universtiy buildings, following the example of Professor Allardyce in English.

IS IT AN OVERSIGHT?

In the list of officials honoured for their services in international relations there is no mention of Hu Yu-fen, although he has done more work, and more unpleasant too, than several who are remembered.

A STREET NUISANCE.

There is considerable annoyance to both Chinese and foreigners, other than the Legation folks, in passing with carts, and especially loaded carts along the streets. No one knows what street to take, for one is as objectionable as another. The main trouble is at the west end, where the American guard is stationed. Even Sir Robert Hart is postered.

SHANGHAI STATEMENTS CORRECTED. There are two or three things of general statement in Shanghai which need correction. One is that a former President of a Board in 1898, who was bunished for helping reform, Li Tuan-fen, is on his way back to Peking. So far as we know here he is dead. Another statement is that Hsu Ching-ch'eng and Yuan Ch'ang changed the wording of an edict in June 1900 from wkill foreigners" to "protect foreigners." There is no proof of this report here. Neither of them was in the Cabinet, and so could not change the wording without it being known to others. They argued for peace and ridiculed the Boxers, and were punished in consequence. It is also often said that Yung Lu is a nephew of the Empress Dowager. We can find no support for this statement. There is no relationship beyond the fact that both are Manchus.

THE NEXT HEIR APPARENT. There is a little quiet speculation as to the next Heir-apparent. There is some talk of Prince Chun, the younger brother of the present Emperor. This is hardly likely, as he is of the generation of the Emperor Kwang Hsu and the Emperor Tung Chih. Neither of these would be any nearer having a descendant to offer worship and sacrifice. As P'u Chun was chosen because he was of the next generation, so the new choice will continue in the same generation. Still it is hardly likely that any son of the brothers of Prince Yuan will be chosen. The family of the once Fifth Prince, or Prince Tuan, is notoriously reactionary. Who, then is the man? Already in October, it was telegraphed that a Lun Pei-tsze was chosen. This may be possible. Lun Peitsze or Lan Pei-lè, i.e., Prince P'u Lun, is a grandson of an older brother of Emperor Hsien Feng, Prince Tun, Prince Kung and Prince Chun-4th, 5th, 6th and 7th sons of Emperor | the repayments will commence at the end of Jan-Tao Kuang. Prince Lun has been with the

The ball theld at the Club on Monday last, | Court and is acceptable to the Empress son, there would be a possibility of choosing the infant, and having a Regency.—N.-C.Daily News.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

THE FUTILITY OF FUMIGATION IN HONGKONG.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS." Hongkong, 24th December. Sir,-Will Dr. Clark, the Medical Officer of Health, be good enough to answer the following questions, which it was my intention to ask

some weeks ago; 1. Is there a water famine in the Colony?

2. Is it a fact that many of the inhabitants have not been able to collect sufficient water for potable purposes, and is it true that certain citizens have been voicing their grievances in the local papers?

3. Such being the case, are the inhabitants of this Colony in a position to wash and cleause, and keep their houses in a sanitary condition?

4. Under the circumstances, what is the present condition of the sewers and drains of

the City? 5. Will not the foul and putrid animal and vegetable refuse, etc., in the sewers and drains produce poisonous gases and disease germs?

-6. Are not gases a danger to the public

health?

7. Are not such filthy and unkempt sewers and drains the breeding places of plague germs and other disease germs? 8. Are not these very sewers and drains the

homes and feeding-places of the plague-inoculated rats?

9. Are these sewers flushed? If not, why

10. Are the teneficial results of fumigation assured, under existing conditions?

11. Is it practical to destroy the germs inside the houses and leave the sewers and drainsthe breeding-places—untouched?

12. Is it not a fact that these houses get re-charged with poisonous gases and disease germs immediately they are reopened?

13. Is it not a fact, if such is the case, that fumigation without a plentiful water supply and a thorough flushing of the sewers and drains is utterly useless and a waste of the taxpayers money? -Yours, etc., CAUSE AND EFFECT.

CHINA AND MANILA STEAM-SHIP CO., LD.

An extraordinary general meeting of the above company was held on the 28th ult. in the office, 14, Des Vœux Road. Mr. R. Shewan presided and there were also present Messra. A. G. J. Somerville, A. G. Gordon, J. S. van Buren, N. A. Siebs, D. E. Brown, W. H. Potts, A. V. Apcar, S. Benjamin, A. Babington, H. P. White, D. Gillies, J. H. T. Mc-Murtrie, Captain Farrow and Mr. Fung Wa Chun."

The CHAIRMAN said—Gentlemen, the object of this meeting is fully explained in the printed notice of it, which you have all received. The reason for our sending out notices in preference to advertising was that hitherto when we have advertised many shareholders in Manila and on the coast have complained that they never saw the advertisement; so to obviate this we have in this instance sent a notice to each shareholder. The reason for our raising this new capital is the necessity of paying off the balance of the cost of our two new boats Zufiro and Rubi. A great part of the money required has already been temporarily borrowed in London, but uary, and it is to meet these that we want more

capital. We are not asking for the whole \$500,000 at once; in fact, with one or two more years such as we have had lately we may never want the whole amount, and we have endeavoured to make the instalments due at such time and at such intervals as will be most convenient. to you. As long as the issue is assured we can no doubt get temporary loans from our bankers, which would enable us if advisable to anticipate any further sudden drop in exchange by remitting the whole loan at once, and you must remember that every fall in exchange increases t e dollar cost of the boats. We cannot build new steamers without money and if our earnings are all absorbed as capital we cannot go on paying dividends as well. The first of the new steamers, the Zafiro, arrived on 25th November, and I am glad to say that the necessity for such boats has been fully demonstrated and our action in building them entirely justified by her performances. She at once became the favourite boat on the line, leaving here full of passengers with every berth engaged and at all hands, from shippers, passengers, and agents, she has received the highest praise. Her sister ship the Rubi left Singapore on the 24th inst. They are exact duplicates of each other and I have no doubt the Rubi will prove equally successful. All the arrangements both for cargo and passengers are in the opinion of experts exceedingly well adapted for the special requirements of the Manila run, and the result reflects the greatest credit on the builders, Messrs. D. J. Dunlop & Co., and on our Marine Superintendent, Mr. A. G. Gordon, who designed the boats in the first instance and has since given his whole time to superintending their construction at home. I am quite sure that with such vessels we can more than hold our own on the line against anything that can be brought against us, and I feel that we can heartily congratulate ourselves on having acquired them. The past year on the whole has been a good one and business particularly of late has been very brisk with us; the passenger trade with the Philippines is increasing, and raffic doubtless wiil continue to increase with the gradual pacification of the islands and the attraction of capital thither, and although we are threatened with fresh opposition on the line we do not anticipate that it will gain much footing or seriously interfere with the earnings of our steamers. Refore I proceed to put the resolutions stated in the notice of the meeting I take pleasure in informing you that Mr. J. S. van Buren of the Pacific Mail and O. & O. Companies has consented to join your Consulting Committee, a connection that you will doubtiess agree with me should prove very valuable to this company.

Proceeding then to put the resolutions to the

meeting, The CHAIRMAN moved first—"That the capital of the company be increased from one million of dollars (its present capital) to one million five hundred thousand dollars by the creation of ten thousand new shares of fifty dollars each."

Captain FARROW seconded, and the motion

was agreed to unanimously.

The CHAIRMAN moved the second resolution as follows:--"That the new shares shall be offered in the first instance to the persons who, on the 15th January, 1902, shall be registered as shareholders, in the proportion of one new share for every two of the present shares and that such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of new shares to which the shareholder is entitled and limiting a time within which the offer if not accepted will be deemed to be declined. After, the expiration of such time or on the receipt of an intimation from the shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the General Managers may allot or otherwise dispose of all unaccepted shares to such persons on such terms and conditions and at such times as the General Managers shall think fit."

Mr. D. E. Br. wn seconded, and the motion

was agreed to unanimously.

The CHAIRMAN then moved the third resolution:—"That each of the said new shares shall be paid for as follows:—The sum of five dollars on account thereof shall be paid on the 28th February, 1902, at such place as the General Managers shall appoint, the sum of ten dollars

further on account thereof shall be paid on the 31st May 1902 at such place as aforesaid, the sum of ten dollars further on account thereof shall be paid on the 31st December, 1902, at such place as aforesaid, and the balance shall be paid in such instalments (at intervals between the payment of each instalment of not less three months, and subject to notice being given in accordance with Article 51 of these Articles) and at such times and places as the General Managers shall appoint. Provided that the General Managers may, if they shall think fit so to do, extend the time beyond the dates above-mentioned for payment of any money for the time being unpaid on any or either of the said new shares."

Mr. W. H. Ports seconded, and the motion was carried unanimously.

This was all the business.

The confirmatory meeting will be held on 14th inst.

SPORTING AND OTHER NOTES.

There has been a good deal of discussion and some unpleasantness going on amongst the members of the Jockey Club as to the programme which has been formulated by the Stewards for the forthcoming race meeting; chiefly as to the races which have been reserved for last year's subscription griffins and the weights to be carried by them. Personally I have never thought that 3 or 4 lbs. an inch was sufficient to bring ponies of equal quality and unequal height together. The result of the meeting will be watched with interest in order that it may be seen whether or no 4 lbs per inch is a sufficient handicap.

Apart from the question alluded to above, it is sincerely to be hoped that shortly after the forthcoming races a meeting of the Club will be held, so that questions which are fresh in everyone's minds may be discussed, and moreover that the programme for next year's race meeting may, if possible, be settled at once. At all events it is only fair that owners who intend to keep ponies of this year over till next year should know what they are keeping them for. It would also give everyone an equal chance of acquiring in the meantime a good pony for any particular race.

I saw under the heading "Training Notes" by Equinus in your contemporary, The China Mail, some advice there given to young riders, to the effect that they should be careful to avoid imitating the "Tod Sloan" style of riding, as our course was not adapted to the Todsloanian style, but should sit well back. especially rounding the turns. I am afraid I am entirely at variance with Equinus on this point-I do not think it possible or advisable for a man of ordinary build to attempt to ride small ponies crouched up on the withers, but there is a great difference between that and sitting back on the pony's loins with your feet only just touching the irons. I believe quite a number of ponies have been lamed lately, one or two high up, and in my opinion the reason is that they were ridden in the style Equinus recommends and allowed to spiawl and go any way they liked, instead of being held together by a man sitting forward with his leathers a bit shorter than if he was riding over country and helped round with the rider's legs and held well together.

One other point I don't agree with Equinus upon, and that is that Black Rock will win the Derby. - I think Lucky Jim will beat him.

VETERAN.

At the monthly meeting of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce on the 21st November, it was reported that a memorial on the subject of the extension of the Burma-Shan-China Railway. Mandalay-Kunlon line, into Southwest and Central China, approved by the committee of the East India and China Trade Section, and later by the council, was duly despatched to the Secretary of State for India in Council. Copies have also been sent to the Viceroy of India, the Indian and Burma Chambers of Commerce, and to all the Chambers of the United Kingdom, several of which had given their support.

CRICKET.

ARMY v. NAVY.

On the 28th ult. a match Army v. Navy was played on the Cricket Ground and resulted in a win for the Navy by 204 runs to 161. Franklin scored 57 and Mahon 55. For the Army Radcliffe and Dorehill had 36 and 30 respectively; while France-Hayhurst scored 26 by very pretty play. Ecole:—

NAVY.

First Innings.

Mr. Digby, c coolie, b Preedy 1
Mr. Moore, b Preedy 10
Lieut. Reinold, c coolie, b Dorehill 10
Mr, Franklin, b France-Hayhurst 57.
Lieut. Wood, b Preedy 16
Mr. Cornabe, c Fanshawe, b Waymouth 18
Lieut. Mahon, l.b.w., b Preedy
Mr. Nest. b Preedy U
Mr. McKinley, c Buttanshaw, b Preedy 18
Mr. Harrison, not out 0
Mr. Broadbent, run out9
Extras
/ 関注しは存在
Total
Total 204 First Innings. Capt Waymouth, b Mahon 3 Lt. France-Hayhurst, c Wood, b Reinold 26 Major Beresford-Ash, b Reinold 5 Capt. Radcliffe, c McKinley, b Broadbent 36 Major Dorehill, b McKinley 30 Lt. Fanshawe, b McKinley 10
Total 204 First Innings. Capt Waymouth, b Mahon 3 Lt. France-Hayhurst, c Wood, b Reinold 26 Major Beresford-Ash, b Reinold 5 Capt. Radcliffe, c McKinley, b Broadbent 36 Major Dorehill, b McKinley 30 Lt. Fanshawe, b McKinley 10
Total

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Capt. Rotherham, c Wood, b Franklin ... 19

Extras 13

N'A	YY.			
	٥.	M.	R.	₩.
Dorehill	14	3	· 42	1
Preedy	23	3	68	6
Waymouth	16	4	36	1
Buttanshaw	··· 2		8	
Clapham	2		12	· —:
France-Hayhurst	4.3		28	1
•	MY.			
	· 0.	M.	B.	w.
Neat	_		21	
Mahon	7		19	1
Reinold	ķ	1	29	2
Melitoid	11.5	_	35	3
McKinley	7		28	3 .
Franklin	•	2	16	ĭ

H.K.C.C. TEAM v. ROYAL ENGINEERS.

The R. E. won an easy victory over the Club team on the Happy Valley ground on the 28th ult. Score:—

H.KC.C.
D. Wood, b Meader 4
G. T. Wild, b Watts 0
R. E. Hanson, b Watts 3
W. R. Robertson, b Watts 0
H. B. Wheeler, b Watts 0
T Brown c Tillman, b Watts
T. Davies, c Jolly, b Meader 3
C H P Hav. c and b Clarke ZZ
H Rutherford, b Clarke 12
P A Cox. not out
C. P. Chater, run out 0
Extras
Total 54
ROYAL ENGINEERS.
Clarke, b Wood
Jolly, c Wild, b Brown
Lilleywhite, c Brown, b Wood
Tillman, b Brown
Thornhill, & Hanson, b Brown 8
Thornhill, & Hanson, b Brown
Watts, c Robertson, b Brown 0
Watts, c Robertson, b Brown 0 Meader, c Wheeler, b Davies 1 No. 1
Meader, c wheeler, b Davies
MOODS' D DLOMU
Stevens, did not bat
Yeats, not out
Extras
Total 102

This match, played on the 1st and 2nd inst.,

ended in an easy victory fo	or the Club. Scores:
THE GARE	
First Innings.	Second Innings.
Lt. Fanshawe, c Mac-	st Hav. b Sercombe
kenzie, b Smith 62	Smith 33
Capt. Rotherham, c Hay, b J'ackenzie 18	b Sercombe Smith 3
Capt. France-Hayhurst,	run out 0
Ward, b S. Smith 22	G Hooper, b Mac-
Capt. Cadogan, b Mac- kenzie	c Hooper, b Mac- kenzie 79
Major Beresford-Ash	•
(capt.), lbw b Smith 9	
Lt. Krickenbeek, b Frank- lin	c and b Mackenzic 2
4-0-	

apt. Clapham, c Hay,	1.1
b Franklin 21 b Dixon	7.3
e. Preedy, not out 22 b Mackenzie	Þ
lmondson, c Ward, b	
Franklin 1 not out	25
wie, b Reinold 8 b Mackenzie	9
ajor Dorehill, c Mac- kenzie, c S. Smith 6 b Mackenzie	11)
Extras 6 1 x tras	0
Total223 Total (for 9 wickets)	Taa
THE CLUB.	
C. P. Franklin, R.N., retired100	
T. Sercombe Smith, not out	
A. Mackenzie, c sub., b Hayhurst 30	
1.t. Wood, R.N., b Preedy	
A C Wood a Ach h Hawharet	
A. G. Ward, c Ash, b Hayhurst 4	
J. Hooper, c Ash, b Hayhurst 9	
W. E. Dixon, b Preedy $\dots 2$	
J. Brown, b Preedy 0	
P. W. Goldring, b Preedy 0	
C. H. P. Hay, b Hayhurst	
U A Poincle absent	
Extras	
	1
Total	

FOOTBALL.

NAVY v. H.K. F.C.

A match under Rugby rules was played on the 28th ult. at Happy Valley between the above teams, and the spectators were treated to one of the best displays that have been seen on the ground this season. The game was full of interest until the end and resulted in a drawone try each. The Club try was scored by Jordan; the honour of that which stood at the credit of the Navy belonged to one of the threequarters. On the whole, the Club forwards showed the superior form, especially in the second half, but the foot-work was in the scrimmages, the forwards frequently leaving the ball behind when wheeling; and the heeling out with rare exceptions was slovenly in the extreme; The Club halves were fairly good in tackling and combination, but the three-quarters, with the exception of Danby, who showed great speed at times, were poor. Smyth was suffering from a previous injury to his head. For the Navy, Gibson, forward, and the halves did well, while the three-quarters showed excellent combination of a kind not expected out here. McMurtrie, the best man on the field, played a great game both in the scrimmages and in the open, and Hallifax also put in some fine work in the open.

A. S. John's Cathedral Choir team will play two Association football matches v. teams of the H.K. F. C., on the 6th and 13th instant.

TAIKOO CLUB SPORTS.

The eleventh annual athletic meeting in connection with the Taikoo Club was held on New Year's Day on the new grounds, with which they have been presented by Messrs. Butterfield and Swire. Their old ground was required by the firm for extending the sugar works and building a new dock. Messrs, Butterfield and Swire in giving these new grounds madea very generous recompense and have spared no expense in laying them out. A fine cycle track, 15 feet broad, six laps to the mile, and banked in the most approved fashion surrounds the ground. It is built of soil secured in the neighbourhood and gives every satisfaction to riders, but will require careful watching during the rains. Inside the track are the cricket and football pitches. The track is fenced with double wire and iron stanchions. An excellent programme of sports was submitted, competition in the various events being very keen as a rule. A grand stand, profusely decorated, was provided for the ladies, and swings and other games for the children. The whole arrangements were admirably carried out by Er. R. H. Stephenson, Hon. Secretary, and those associated with him in the preparations for the meeting. When the programme of events had been exhausted the prizes were presented to the successful competitors by Mrs. Poste, the wife of Mr. Walter Poate, of Messrs. Butterfield & Swire. These comprised silver cups, inkstands, flower bowls and other similar ware, also vases and Japanese curios etc.—a magnificent collection. At the close of this ceremony, Mr. A. R. Grieve made some remarks, in the course, of which he thanked the people for so a numerously availing themselves of the Club's

January 4, 1902.] be present that day. He invitation also thanked the competitors for coming forward so well and intimated that the more numerous.the entries the more prizes the Club was prepared to offer. They would also make more open events. (Applanse). He thanked the ladies on behalf of the Club, for gracing the sports with their presence, and particularly Mrs. Poate for the graceful part she had played. (Applause). In conclusion, Mr. Grieve asked the company to give three cheers for Mr. and Mrs. Poate, and these were heartily given. A similar compliment was paid to Mr. A. R. Grieve, the popular Vice-President. The band of the 22nd Bombay Infantry played excellent music during the day. The following were the office-bearers:-President: Walter Poate, Esq. Vice-President: A. R. Grieve. Esq. Committee: Messrs. T. Grimshaw, J. Dickie. W. Harwick, T. Shand, R. Aitken, R. H. Stephenson, A. Blake, B. Clarke, T. F. Foyan, J. Ferguson. Judges: Mr. J, Rodger, and Mr. H. Summers. Timekeepers: Mr. C. Lesbirel and Mr. E. Howell. Clerks of the Course: Mr. W. M. Scott, and Mr. J. Ferguson.

Handicappers: Mr. A. McKirdy, Mr. J. Gloyn and Mr. F. W. White. Stewards; Mr J. Lochead, Mr. R. A. Fer-

guson and Mr. W. Smith. Lap Scorer: Mr. W. Farmer. Starter: Mr. F. E. Shuster.

Hon. Secretary: Mr. R. H. Stephenson. Appended are the results:—

100 YALDS FLAT RACE, Handicap (Confined), 1st Prize presented by A. R. Grieve, Esq. 2nd Prize presented by W. Ramsay, Esq. (12 starters).

This event was run in two heats, the two leaders in each competing in the final, which resulted as follows:

H. S. Kennett (10 yds.) 1 R. H. Stephenson (10 yds.) 2 Time -10 4.5 secs. Won by 15 inches.

Two MILE BICYCLE RACE (Confined to subscribers). Open to Non-First Prize Winners. 1st Prize presented by Mitsui Bussan Kaisha. 2nd Prize presented by Tai Woo Loong. (3 starters).

Smith and Dickie tried hard for first honours, but the third man, Bain, was completely outdistanced.

W. Smith (100 yds.) 2 J. Dickie (130 yds) Time— $5 35\frac{1}{2}$.

QUARTER MILE FLAT RACE (Handicap). Open to China Sugar Refinery, Docks, and V.R.C. 1st Prize presented by the Royal (5 starters). Exchange Assurance Corporation. 2nd Prize presented by John Blake, Esq. (12 starters). A very good start was made and the com-

petitors finished in a group. F. D. Bain (40 yds.) 1 W. H. Sayer (30 yds.) ... 2J. D. Danby (12 yds.) 3 Time $-56\frac{4}{3}$ secs.

Two MILE BICYCLE RACE. Open to all comers. 1st Prize presented by Mitsui Bussan Kaisha. 2nd Prize presented by Ah Wing. (5 starters).

Kershaw, who started from scratch, gave up after three laps. A good lace ensued between the brothers Alves and Benning.

A. A. Alves (120 yds.) ... 1 A. E. Alves (130 yds.) 2 T. Benning (100 yds.) 3

220 YARDS FLAT RACE HANDICAP (CONFIN-ED). Prize presented by Cosmopolitan Docks. (8 starters). This was an excellent race between the first

three men, the others being well tailed out at the finish. R. H. Stephenson (30 yds.) ... 1 H. S. Kennett (25 yds.) ... 2D, Chrrie (20 yds.) 3

Times—24 4/5 secs. HIGH JUMP. Open to China Sugar Refinery, Docks, and V.R.C. Prize presented by W.

Poate, Esq. (6 starters). A welt-contested event. Grey, the winner, did the side jump in very good style and, after 'the competition concluded, succeeded in beating his winning jump of 4 ft 7 ins. consid rably, failing only when he reached the 5 feet lath.

T. C. Grey (4 ft. 7 ins.) J. D. Danby (4 ft. 6 ins.) ... 2 ONE MILE BICYCLE RACE (CONFINED). 1st prize presented by the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha. 2nd prize presented by Ah Poi. (3 starters). A very good race, only four lengths separating the first and third man at the tape.

B. Clarke (300 yards) 1 J. Dickie (250 yards) ... 2 Time, 2 mins. 26 2-5ths secs.

Long Jump (Confined). Post entries. Prize presented by W. M. Scott, Esq. (6 entries). Closely contested and won by about an inch. G. H. Edwards (18 ft.)

J. D. Darby (17 ft. 11 ins) 2 FIVE MILE BICYCLE RACE (Handicap). Open to all comers. 1st Prize presented by Kowloon Dock Staff. 2nd Prize presented by G. A. Buckland, Esq. 3rd Prize presented by Ah Kan. (4 starters).

items on the programme but was marred by a about four miles they ran neck and neck, when spill near the finish. At the start A. E. Alves, took the lead, followed by Kershaw close up. A. A. Alves and Benning riding abreast brought up the rear. This order was maintained for about six laps when A. A. Alves shot ahead and got on even terms with Kershaw. This order was maintained till the 28th lap, when Benning slid up the outside course, and got up into second position, A. E. Alves still leading. Kershaw then commenced to put on pace and was passing the turn, when Benning secured the lead by slipping up the inside position, Alves being forced outside the six feet line. A collision then took place, both the Alves's and 'Kershaw coming to grief. The spill appeared to be the result of over-anxiety and want of judgment on the part of the rear riders, in their efforts to catch the leader. Fortunately, nobody was hurt seriously, though the jounger Alves was thrown right out of the track.

T. Benning \dots \dots \dots 1Time— $17.11\frac{1}{3}$ HALF MILE FLAT RACE (Handicap). Open

to China Eugar Refinery, Bocks, and V. R. C. 1st Prize presented by China Sugar Refinery Staff. 2nd Prize presented by Jack Ah Tai. (13 starters).

This ended in a win for the scratch man by five yards, about the same separating the second | ing her lead from Colleen, the others and third arrivals.

A. Humphreys (sc.) I H. A. Seth (25yds.) 2 $Time-2.23\ 2.5$

TWO-MILE BICYCLE RACE. Open to gentlemen from 30 to 40 years of age. 1st Prize presented by The London and Lancashire Fire Assurance Co. 2nd Prize presented by the United Club.

T. Shand (sc) $\frac{1}{2}$ W. Smith (300 yds.) ... 2 POTATO RACE. Open to China Sugar Refinery, Docks, and V. R. C. Prize presented by Yuen Hop. (10 competitors.)

This was an amusing event. Tata had hard luck. He finished first, but one of his potatoes had been picked up unwittingly by Kennett, one of the other competitors, who immediately dropped out of the running.

H. W. Sayer 1 J. P. Jordan 2 Eckhoff had him well in hand and, at the finish, | in a falling wind scored her first win. flew past him amid loud cheering.

The times at the finish were:—

F. Eckhoff A. M. Roza Pereira (220 yds) OBSTACLE RACE. Open to all comers, Prize presented by Victoria Recreation Club (9

starters) First benoath a heavy tarpaulin, then climb a rope and over a cross bar, then pick up a pailful of water and carry it to where a number of sacks are lying, get into one of these and struggle home. These were the conditions and it can be imagined that some amusing scenes occurred.

A. Humphreys 1 VISITORS' RACE. One lap, confined to visitors only. Non-racing costume. Prize presented by the Taikoo Club. (11 starters).

R. Witchell Sergt. Robinson, R.A. ... 2 CONSOLATION RACE. Prize presented by D. MacDonald, Esq. (6 entries). This was a good race and a very close finish was witnessed. J. P. Jordan H. W. Bain CHAMPION CUP (confined), decided on points. Prize presented by J. H. Scott, Esq. B. Mark

ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB.

The 5th Club Race was sailed over Course 5, i.e., off Chunghue, W. Fairway Buoy, mark boat again, and home. The wind was light from the S.E. all day and very light near the finish. Bonito and Alannah were the only starters in the 1st class, and they got away This was looked upon as one of the chief | side by side exactly as the gun went. For the wind dropped and Alannah jumped away. The mark was rounded by

> Alannah Bonito

On the beat to the Fairway Buoy, the breeze freshened and Alannah increased her lead. Bonito closed up slightly in the run back to the mark, but on turning to the wind Alannah began to leave Bonito, which was not going in form. The latter came home inside Stonecutters' which did not pay her at all, there being little or no tide and less wind. Times at the finish: -

> 4 46 30-10 32 Alannah ..: ... Bonito ... 4 57 55-4 34

ONE DESIGN CLASS. Erica got away first, Min close up, with Colleen and Kathleen in close attendance. This order was maintained for some distance down the harbour, when, the wind increasing to a nice steady blow, Colleen took second place; Erica holding her lead rounded the mark boat 1min. 10secs. ahead, very little dividing the others. On hauling in sheets for the beat to North Fairway Busy, Erica and Colleen drew away from the others, Erica still holdsome way astern; in this order the boats again rounded the mark boat for the thrash home. Here Colleen, by keeping close in to the Coweichow shore, caught up a little on Erica, and when the boats met again off Stone cutters, it was either boat's race, now one gaining a little and then the other; eventually Colleen managed to cross Erica's bow, and then kept her under her lee till nearing the line, when the two parted company. After a close race up the harbour, Colleen here got a nice little breeze which brought her over a winner by 62 seconds from her rival; Min was third, with Kathleen last but closer up than the times would show.

Times at the finish:— 8-20... ... 4 Colleen 10-8 4 Erica10—1 5 12 Min Kathleen 5 2ND CLASS.

The Maid Marion and Chanticleer came out VETERAN'S RACE. One Mile Bicycle | for the first time this season, having recently Handicap on Meril. Open to all comers | changed hands and obtained permission to sail over 40 years of age. Prize presented in the second class. There was not much by John N. Harvie, Esq. (3 starters). | between the boats in the run to the leeward R. Aitken, the scratch man, was too severely | mark, but in the turn to windward the handicapped, and dropped out after doing a | Maid Marion soon showed she had not round. Pereira made a scorching pace, but lost her superiority to her ancient rivals, and

Maid Marion Payne 5 Chanticleer 5 . 42 Meteor did not finish

The time limit for the month of September being 5.30, the race has to be re-sailed.

CONDITIONS FOR COMMODORE'S CUPS. A. for 1st Class and One Design class boats. B. for 2nd Class boats.

1st Race, Saturday, 4th January. Course—Rock one mile S.W. of Coweic low, Starboard, 14 miles.

2nd Race-Saturday, 18th January. Course-Mark boat in Quarry Bay, Kowloon Rock, Buoy on South end of shoal in Hunghom Bay, all to port, twice round. 12 miles. Starts.

A. at 2. p.m. B. at 2.10 p.m. Time limit 6 p.m.

Marks as in Club races. Tie to be sailed off on date to be fixed by Committee,

Handicaps. A. (for both races) Alannah, Bonito and One Design class boats allow Iris 2 mins, Gloria 5 mins.

B. as in Club races.

CLUB BACE.

Sunday, 5th January. Course 9. Handicap for 2nd class in Club races until further notice.

. Muid Mar		allo					
Chanticleer	*	•••		5	secs	per	mile.
Doreen .	• •	• • •		5	,,	- ,,	,,
Meteor .	• •	• • •		10	,,	,,	,,
$m{P}$ ayne .		• • •		50		**	
$oldsymbol{Ladybird}$.	••			5 0		"	19
Gazelle .	• •	• • •	• • •	1	min	. 4')	secs.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The competition on the 28th ult. took the form of sweepstakes of 50 cents each with \$30 added; special handicapping, three prizes. There was also a gold cross for the highest nett scorer. There was a good attendance. The sweepsstakes were won by Mr. Varcoe, who had the highly creditable nett score of 90, the best he ever made. Q. M. S. Wallace, and Col. Sgt. Wake were second and third respectively. The gold cross was won by Q. M. S. Wallace, who just managed to beat Col. Sgt. Wake by having a better range total at the long distance. The weather was unfavourable, an unsteady wind blowing across the range, with puffs of smoke and mist. The following were the best scores:-

				<u> </u>	
* Mr. Varcoe	ds.	. 00	00	, g	I.
	PCA	7.3	9	H	•
* Mr. Varcoe	. 27	31	32	10	100
†*Q. M. S. Wallace, R.E.	. 32	28	32	SC.	92
* Col. Sgt. Wake, R.M.L.I				_	92
Q. M. S. West, R.E				3	92
D. "Roberts"	. 32	27	32	80.	91
R. A. Collins					90
SgtIns. Cross, R.M.L.I.	. 31	32	25	80	88
Mr. Penning				6	88
Mr. Stackwood				SC.	87
H. Hobday, R.N	. 30	26	27		83
* Winners of swee					
+ Winner of gold					

AND DISTRICT LOCAL

JANUARY.

EVENTS, 1901.

1st—Taikoo Sports at Quarry Bay—Parade of British troops at Shanghai in honour of Empress of India.

2nd-German Rear-Admiral Kirchoff visited

Hongkong. 5th—Highway robbery at Shaukiwan.

7th—Conclusion of the case against Mr. H. F. Carmichael at the Magistracy; the defendant was discharged.

9th—Chinese tradesman murdered at Yaumati— Pollard's Lilliputian Opera Co. opened their season at the Theatre.

10th—Yeung Ku Wan, schoolmaster and reformer, murdered in his schoolroom in Gage Street.—Amoy Races, first day.

13th—S.S. Powan collided with a large junk near Capsuimoon; one man killed.

14th—Performance of Our Boys at Shameen. 16th—Harmston Circus's opening night at

Hongkong. 18th—Courtmartial on H.M.S. Barfleur terminated, three of the accused being sentenced and one acquitted.—Arrival of H.M.S. Glory at Hongkong.—Dredger Canton River righted.—Russians handed over the Shanhaikwan railway to the Germans.

19th—First tie Played in H.K.A.F.C. Challenge Shield.

20th—Census of the Colony taken.—Yacht Club regatta at Hongkong. 21st—Sir Claude MacDonald presented his

credentials to the Emperor of Japan. 22nd—Death of H. M. Queen Victoria. 23rd—News of the Queen's death received

in Hongkong; first unofficial intimation reached the Colony at 8 a.m.

25th-81 minute guns fired at Hougkong in respect to the late Queen.—Accession salute to King Edward fired at 3.30 p.m.—Yuan Shikai, Governor of Shantung, posted a notice in Chefoo, inviting missionaries to return and ordering their protection.

27th—A party of four Europeans on a hous: boat was attacked by pirates on the West River, near Canton; three were wounded, and one Chinese servant was killed

his wife, Mr. Denning, and himself at Peking; the first and last named died.

29th - Proclamation of King Edward VII on the Cricket Ground, Hongkong.—Annual prize distribution at the Diocesan School.— General meeting of the Hongkong Benevolent Society.

burnt down.

31st—Resolution of loyalty to King Edward VII passed by the Legislative Council.— D.S.O. bestowed on five naval officers at H.M. Naval Yard, Hongkong.—Annual General Meeting of the Engineers' Institute.

FEBRUARY. 1st-H.E. the Governor of Macao and suite arrived to attend the Memorial Service next day 2nd-Memorial Services at St. John's Cathedral Hongkong, to the late Queen Victoria.

3rd—Fatal fire at 201, Queen's Road, resulting in four deaths.

5th-Muider of an ex-Supreme Court messenger by a Chinese widow.—Disastrous fire in Kowloon caused \$50,000 damages.

7th—Soldiers' and Sailors' Home (Wesleyan) opened in Arsenal Street.-H.E. Tao Mu, the new Viceroy, arrived in Canton.

9th-Annual Prize Distribution at Queen's College.—The third match between the H.K.C.C. and the Navy ended in a heavy defeat for the Club.

12th - Capt. Anderson delivered a lecture at the City Hall, under auspices of the Navy League.—Highway robbery from a Chinese contractor in the New Territory .- U.S. S. Kentucky, first American battleship to cross the Atlantic for foreign ports, visited Hongkong.-Hon. C. P. Chater's new Praya reclamation scheme finally approved in letter of Colonial Secretary.

13th—Six Shansi refugees reached Hankow under Chinese escort, after wonderful escapes. 16th—Three armed robberies reported in Hongkong.

19th—China New Year's Day.—Field day of≱ the Hongkong Volunteer Corps.-Curfew Law revoked at Manila.

22nd—Loss of the City of Rio de Janeiro in San Francisco harbour, with Mr. Wildman, U. S. Consul-General at Hongkong, and family on board:—British resume possession of the Peking-Shanhaikwan, Railway. 26th—Hongkong Race Meeting, first day.

MARCH. 2nd-Second overturning of the dredger Canton

River, with the loss of two lives. 3rd-Attack on and robbery of an European in Bowen Road.

4th-Provisional Government's Bank at Tientsin burnt down.

5th-H.M.S. Blenheim reached Hongkong.-Mr. J. J. Francis, K.C., delivered a lecture before the Odd Volumes Society on "The

Situation in the Far East." 9th-Public meeting at the City Hall to consider advisability of forming a private Nursing Institution for Hongkong.—Dallas Co. at the Theatre Royal.—Burial in the Peking Cemetery of the remains of the

Legation defenders. 11th-H.M.S. Ocean arrived at Hongkong.-Annual General Meeting of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce.

on the Chingtu to relieve the Australian Naval Contingent at Peking.—Vitriol outrage 7th.—Foundation stone laid of a new synagogue on Mr. Reek on the Praya.

15th—Chinese mass meeting at Shanghai to protest against the Manchurian Convention. 16-Narrow escape from collision between British Indian and Russian troops at Tientsin over a railway-siding dispute.

19th—Enquiry into deaths at the overturning

troops withdrawn from disputed land at Tientsin.

21st—Collision between Glengyle and Hangchow in Hongkong harbour.—R.A. Sports at Happy Valley.

23rd—Capture of Aguinaldo by Gen. Funtson. -Annual Inspection of the Hongkong Volunteer Corps.—In the final tie for the Football Challenge Shield the Siege Train beat H. Co, R.W.F., by 6-0.—Murder of Rev. T. Stonehouse by Chinese brigands near Lofa, Chihli.

28th-Capt. Lindberg, a Danish officer, shot 25th-Verdict of murder against Chinese widow in the Wanchai murder case.

27th-Serious outbreak at Victoria Gaol; Mr. Craig badly weunded.

28th-Mr. Conger, U.S. Minister at Peking. passed through Hongkong on way home.-Canton R ver righted once more.—Hongkong Schools' Sports?

30th—Former Viceroy's Yamen at Tientsin 30th—Oxford and Cambridge Dinner Hongkong.

APRIL.

2nd-Mysterious death of Capt. Clemens on the s.s. Kwanping on the way to Shanghai.

3rd-Identical note issued by Russia to the Powers, abandoning the Manchurian Convention.

4th—Return of the Australian Naval Contingent to Hongkong on its way south.-Resignation of Dr. Hartigan announced at the Sanitary Board Meeting:

5th - Opening of the three-days Easter Prize Meeting of the Hongkong Rifle Association. 8th—Fatal collision on the West River between the Hing Fei and Sanchow; over 60 Chinese drowned.

10th—Fight at Nagasaki betwee 1 some Barfleur men and French soldiers and sailors; two of the former men killed.

15th—Abortive election for two vacancies on the Sanitary Board at Hongkong in place of Dr. Hartigan and Mr. J. McKie. No candidates presented themselves.

16th-Mr. Alexander Michie delivered a lecture before the Odd Volumes on "The Political Obstacles to Missionary Success in China."

7th—Part of the Imperial Winter Palace at Peking burnt down; Major-General von Schwarzkopf killed, and Count von Waldersee's asbestos house destroyed. — Public meeting at the City Hall, Hongkong, approved the new Praya Reclamation scheme.—European arrested on suspicion of being connected with the vitriol outrage at Hongkong -Brough Company's opening night at the Theatre Royal.

19th—Garrison Athletic Meeting, first day.— Peace proclamation issued to the Filipinos by Aguinaldo.

20th—Death of Mr. P. G. von Mollendorf at Ningpo.

21st—Arrival of the Duke and Duch ss of Cornwall and York at Singapore.

23rd—Duke and Duchess of Cornwell and York left Singapore for Australia.—Concert at Kowloon Institute by S. John's Cathedral Choir.

24th-Mr. John Roberts, the billiard champion, at Hongkong.

26th-Wreck of the P. & O. steamer Sobraon on Tung Yung Island, near Foochow; all the passengers and crew were saved.

29th—Deputation of Cantonese medical students called on H. E. the Governor to thank him for assistance to Cantonese at Tientsin in 1900.

30th—H. E. the Governor paid a visit to the, Governor of Macso, returning the *latter's visit on the occasion of Queen Victoria's funeral.

MAY.

5th—Death of Mr. Howorth, of the Hongkong Dispensary, from plague.—Russian officer killed by German Police at Tientsin; the Russian was intoxicated.

14th—Departure of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers 6th—Meeting of jurors at the City Hall to consider the Special Jury question.

> in Hongkong.—First day of the Shanghai Spring Race Meeting.

20th-George Allen's trial at the Criminal Sessions for complicity in the vitriol-throwing case ended in his acquittal.

24th—Beaconsfield Arcade closed by order of the Sanitary Board owing to plague cases. of the Canton River.—British and Russian 28th—800 plague cases and 748 deaths to

date.—Sir Claude and Lady departed from Tokyo on leave.

JUNE.

2nd-International fight in the Taku Road, Tientsin; one British and five French were wounded, and two Germans killed.

3rd-Plague cases at Hongkong for the year over 1,000; 13 European cases and 5 deaths. -Judgment delivered in the Hangchow-Glengyle collision case.

General 5th-General Chaffee relieved McArthur in the Philippines.

6th—Arrival of H.M.S. Talbot.

7th-Plague case at Shanghai, imported from Hongkong. 8th-New Volunteer shooting range opened at

Causeway Bay by H. E. the Governor. 10th-Annual dinner of the Shanghai branch of the China Association, at which Admiral Seymour replied for the Navy:

11th-Count von Waldersee received in audience by the Emperor of Japan at Tokyo. 15th—Fatal collapse in High Street, Hong-

kong; three Chinese killed. 21st-Charge against Inspector Crisp dis-

charged in the Supreme Court. 23rd-Ottoman Mission to China left Shanghai

unsuccessful. 24th—Anniversary dinner at Tientsin, commemorating the relief of the Settlements in 1900. 25th—Fatal fire on the U.S. tender Arethusa

in Hongkong Harbour; nine lives were lost. 26th-Mr. A. G. Wise sworn in as Acting Chief Justice during the absence of Sir John Carrington, who went on leave to Japan that day.

29th-Mr. Byron Brenan, British Consul-General at Shanghai, left for home, having retired from the service.—First Gymkhana of the season at Hongkong.

JULY.

2nd-Dinner to Admiral S ymour at Government House.

3rd-China Association luncheon to Admiral Seymour at the Hongkong Club.

4th—Hon. W. H. Taft took the oath of office at Manila as first Civil Governor of the Philippines.

7th—Defeat of Chinese Imperial troops by Mohammedan rebels near Paotingfu.

9th-Presentation of the Governor's Shield to the Hongkong Volunteer Corps at Headquarters. 11th—Petition re sanitation in Hongkong handed in to the Colonial Secretary; 1,034 signatures were attached. - General Gaselee handed over the command of the China Expeditionary Force to General Creagh.

13th-Shooting match between Volunteers and non-Volunteers at Kowloon.

15th-Prince Chan reached Shanghai on his way to Germany on a mission of apology. 18th-H.E. Major-General Gascoigne went on

leave to Canada

20th—Disastrous fire at Nos. 6-8, Queen's Road; three lives were lost.—Inter-Christian riots at Hanchuan, Hupeh.

25th-Prince Chun landed in Hongkong on his way south; the reception was informal.—The dredger Canton River at length raised.

26th—Great fire at Foochow, resulting in much loss of property.—Grain embargo imposed by the Corean Government.

31st.-Hurried departure of three British warships from Hongkong to Amoy; this was in connection with French telegraph operations at Amoy, but the scare had no foundation.

AUGUST. 5th.—H.M.S. Glory struck by lightning in

Hongkong Harbour. 11th-Arrest of a British and an American subject by the Russians at Newchwang.

14th—Terrible house collapse in Cochrane Street; 43 were killed and a great many injured.—Meeting in the Council Chamber about Hongkony's contribution to the - Victoria Memorial Fund.

15th—Final Meeting of the Typhoon Relief

Fund committee. 17th—Collision in Hongkong Harbour between the launch Lee Sang and the Meean c's cutter; eight Chinese on the former were drowned.

221st-Building collapse in Lower Lascar Row; one life was lost.

2nd-The Hongkong Government notified that plague was no longer epidemic in the Colony; the figures then were 1,619 cases and 1,548 deaths.

MacDonald | 24th—Second gymkhana meeting of the season at Hongkong.

27th —Imperal edict against the import of arms. 30th—First enquiry into the Cochrane Street collapse.

31st-Private Chair and Ricksha Coolies Commission appointed at Hongkong. SEPTEMBER

kong St. Andrew's Society. 4th-Prince Chun received in audience by the 16th-Shanghai defeated the Straits at

German Emperor at Berlin. 5th-V.R.C. Aquatic Sports.-Departure on 17th-Disastrous fire at 540 and 542, Des

leave of the Hon. F H. May. 7th—News of the attack on President McKinley 18th—H. E. the Governor laid the foundation received in Hongkong.—Peace Protocol

signed at Peking. 11th-H.M.S. Albion arrived at Hongkong. v. the Hon. F. H. May dismissed with costs. -Annual General Meeting of the Hongkong

Cricket Club. 13th—Death at Tientsin of Major W. R. Little, cession marked out at Chungking. Hongkong Regiment.—French school opened 22nd—Conflagration on the s.s Fushun at

waters. passed by the Legislative Ceuncil.--Arrival 28th-First Annual Meeting of the Hongkong of the Chinese troops in Peking, when the | Nursing Institution. Forbidden City was handed over to them.

19th-Second enquiry into the Cochrane Street | 30th-Imperial Decree issued, disinheriting Pu collapse opened.

21st-V.R.C. Water Carnvial. . on a holiday at Yokohama. Club's Annual

27th-Hongkong Football General Meeting. 28th-Dinner at the Club Lusitano in honour of the Portuguese Royal Birthday.—Opening of the Hongkong cricket season. Third 10th-Foochow Races, first day.

gymkhann of the season. OCTOBER.

1st-Rebellion feared in the Yangtsze Valley on account of distress caused by the floods.— News received of the attack by Triad men on the German Basel Mission station at Piangthong, Kwangtung; rebels hearily defeated by Government troops at Chowchowfu.-Return of Major-General Sir William and La y Gascoigne. - New Japanese Admiralty

6th-Chinese Imperial Court left Hsianf 1 for 23rd-Annual meeting of the CityHall share-

according to Venice Convention.—Public met by Yuan Shikai. Works Commission appointed at Hongkong 26th — Civilians beat United Services at -Lieut.-Col. Sir J. W. Carrington's farewell to the H.K.V.C.

15th-Visit of M. de Giers to Hongkong.-Severe typhoon in the Philippines.

17th-Meeting of the Queen Victoria Memorial Fund Committee at the City Hall.—Departure of Sir J. W. Carrington.

19th-Opening of the Volunteer Camp at Stonecutters' Island.

24th—Death of Mr. E. Robinson, barrister, from dysentery at Hongkong. 28th-Visit of M. Romanoff, Russian Deputy

Minister of Finance, to Vladivostok. 29th—The launch Yut Fut seized by pirates on

her way from Macao to Hongkong. 30th-Prince thun landed in Hongkong on his return from Europe.—Funeral of the late

Mr. J. J. Francis at the Happy Valley. 31st-Prince Chun proceeded north,

Tientsin and British barracks at Sinho burnt | been recovered.

K. C. M. G. at Government House.

from the north.—First day of the Shanghai Autumn Race Weeting. 6th-Hongko g shot off in the Interport | the Reserve of the Corps.

Shooting match, making the winning score of 901.

House, Hongkong.—Annual dinner of the general comment of late.

Institute of Engineers and Shipbuilders. Visit of Sir E. Salow to Canton.

11th-Public holiday at Hongkong in honour of the King's Birthday.—New Chinese Customs tariff introduced.—Opening of the Hongkong Cricket Week.

12th-Great snowsterm at Peking. 13th—Hongkong beat the Straits Settlements 3rd-Annual general meeting of the Hong. | by 129 runs.—Fête on the Cricket Ground. 15th-A. D. C. entertainneut at the Theatre.

Hongkong by one wicket.

Vœux Road. stone of the new Tung Wa Hospital.

19th—Shanghai beat Hongkon, by 7 wickets, completing the Hongkong Cricket Week. Leong Kun Yau's case in the Supreme Court 20th-Hongkong Sanitary Board decided on general cleansing and disinfecting of the city.—Triple collision in Hongkong Harbour; s.s. Skramstad sunk.—Japaness Con-

Canton. 14th - Piracy at Potoi Island in Hongkong | 25th - Arrest of Mr. T. T. Patterson, a British subject, secretary to Sixto Lopez, at Manila. 17th-Vote of condolence for PresidentMcKinley 27th-H.M.S. Cressy arrived at Hongkong.

29th—S. Andrew's Ball at Hongkong.

Chun, the heir apparent.

DECEMBER. 22nd-Death of Mr. J. J. Francis, K.C., while 1st-Arrival in Hongkong of Senhor Castello Branco, Portuguese Envoy Extraordinary to

China, on his way to Macao. 9th—Indian soldier ran amok at Tientsin, killing two German soldiers; trouble narrowly

averted.

11th-V.R.C. Regatta, first day. 12th-Major-General Dorward arrived at Shanghai to take command of the British garrison.—Destructive fire at Honam, Canton. 13th-Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., left Hongkong

to take up the post of Attorney-General at Fiji. 14th-Chinese Imperial Court left Kaifengfu on its way to Peking.—Final tie of the R.A. Polo Trophy competition won by the H.K Polo Club.—Commencement of the Hongkong Football Challenge Shield lies.

5th-Hongkong Jockey Club's Annual General 17th-First Diocesan Choral Festival at S. John's Cathedral, Hongkong.

holders and subscribers. 12th-Hongkong declared free from plague 25th-Imperial Court reached Shengtefu, being

cricket by 33 runs at Hongkong. 29th—German steamer Clara sunk in a collision

in Hainan Straits. 30th—Senhor Castello Branco, the Portuguese envoy to Peking, returned to Hongkong on his way north.

31st—Suspected mutiny among newly arrived Portuguese troops at Macao averted.

HONGKONG.

His Excellency the Governor has approved of the appointment of Inspector R. G. McEwen to the position of Inspector of Markets under the Sanitary Board.

The police report the drowning of two Chinamen in the Harbour as the result of a fight. It appears that some trouble arose between the erews of two cargo-boats. A fight ensued, and two of the men getting into grips fell over-1st-Royal Welsh Fusiliers' barracks, etc., at | board. Both were drowned. One body has

The resignations by Messrs. M. W. Slade 2nd-Investiture of Sir W. Gascoigne with the and J. Mossop of their commissions as captain in the Field Battery and lieutenant in the 5th-Arrival of Sir Ernest Satow on a visit | Volunteer Corps have been accepted by H. E. the Governor, who has also approved of the former's provisional attachment as Captain to

By the recent addition of 500 new rickshas to the public service, curiously, a new difficulty has arisen. The public have taken 8th-Arrival at Hongkong of Sir James Lyle kindly to the new vehicles, so kindly, in fact, Mackay, British representative in the com- that the coolies plying the old rickshas have mercial negotiations with China and of Rear- difficulty in obtaining fares, and the owners are Admiral H. T. Grenfell, second in command | becoming unable to get cooles to hire them out This accounts for the scarcity of rickshas, at 9th—King's Birthday Levee at Government certain points, which has been the subject of

H.M.S. Pique came in from Mirs Bay on the Soth ult.

The French cruiser Chasseloup Laubat arrived on the 29th ult. from Nagasaki.

On the 31st ult H.M. cruiser Aurora left for Taipo. The German gunboat Iltis arrived from Canton.

H. Masurveying ship Waterwitch returned rom her cruise on the 1st inst. H. M. S. Endymion went out for practice on the 2nd.

The change of colour which some of the British men-of-war in the Harbour have been undergoing of late has caused no little comment in the Colony. It appears that Admiral Sir Cyprian Bridge has received a commission to make extensive experiments as to the most suitable external paint for war vessels.

The statement of stamp revenue for the months of November 1900 and 1901 shows a decrease in the latter month of \$3,803.99. The item Conveyance or Assignment fell by no less than \$5,254, while Adhesive Stamps declined by \$1.114.38. The principal increases were exhibited by Bill of Exchange and Promisory Note, \$1,125.73, and Probate or

Letters of Administration, \$1,009.63. F: H.M.S. Amphitrite, which arrived in the barbour on Thursday morning to join the China Squadron, is a first class cruiser, built at Barrow in 1898 at a cost of £546,227. Her principal figures are: -displacement, 11000 tons; i.h.p. 18,000 (Belleville boilers); armour, gun-position 3-6 in (Harveyed steel), deck, 4in; armament, sixteen 6-in. Q.F., fourteen 12 pr., eleven smaller Q.F., and machine guns, and three torpedo-tubes (two submarine); speed 20.75 knots; complement 677 men.

On New Year's Day the funeral took place to Happy Valley of Drummer Russell, R.W.F., who committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a carline. Russell was out of his mind when he took his life, and it is believed that this was brought on by bad news regarding his family which he had received from home The coffin was borne on a gun-carriage. As the cortege entered the cemetery the band played the "Dead March" in Saul and the soldiers sang the words. Captain Rotherham conducted the funeral service. Russell was very popular among his comrades in the Corps, and much sympathy is felt by them for the amily of the deceased.

COMMERCIAL.

SILK.

Canton, 21st December: -- Re-reels. -- In sympathy with the better tone of the market, prices for this class of Silk have slightly hardened, say, to \$605 for No. 1. Business is very limited in this production (60 bales for the fortnight under review.) Filatures.—The increased activity reported in our last has been maintained during the first part of the fortgight, and over 2,000 bales have changed hands. The eager demand for all grades and sizes could be only partially satisfied, owing to the scarcity of ready stock. good many forward contracts have consequently been placed at considerably higher prices, and most reelers are now engaged up to China New Year. Latterly, business has been checked by further advance, but the market closes very firm. Short-reels-Have been dealt in to a fair extent, and a larger business would have been done but for the paucity of stock. Purchases amount to about 500 bales, in all grades. Prices have strengthened and rule very firm. Waste. - After a considerable period of dulness, there has been an active revival of demand for Europe and most ready holdings have been cleared off the market. The movement has awakened native speculation, and active buying in the interior has now forced prices up to a prohibitive level.

CAMPHOR. Hongkong, 3rd January.—No arrivals.

SUGAR.
Hongkong, rd January.—The prices continue
declining market being weak. Quotations are:
Shekloong, No. 1. White \$8.55 to \$8.60 pcl.
do 2, White 7.55 to 7.60 ,,
Shekloong No. 1. Brown 5.85 to 5.9 ,
do. 2, Brown 5.70 to 5.75 ,.
Swatow. No. 1. White 8.45 to 8.50 ,,
do. , 1, White 7.45 to 7.50 ,,
Swatow, No. 1, Brown 5.70 to 5.75 ,,
do. , 2, Brown 5.55 to 5.60 ,,
Roochow Sugar Candy 12.55 to 12.60 "
Shekloong ,,10.35 to 10.40 .,

RICE.

Honokono, 3rd January.—The upw	ard te	endency
continues, holders being firm. Quot-	ations	s are:—
Saigon, Ordinary	\$2.60	to 2.65
Round, Good quality	3.75	to 3.80
Long	3.95	to 4.00
Siam. Field mill cleaned, No. 2	25	to 2.80
Garden. No. 1	3.35	to 3.40
White	3.85	to 3.90
" Fine Cargo	4.15	to 4.20
	-	

OPIUM.

Hongkong, 3rd January.—Malwa.—The market

opened New at \$920/30, Old \$940. Bengal.—The dullness which prevailed during the fortnight was broken only once, when a fair amount of business transpired in New Patna at \$920/9211. A few chests of New Benares were taken up at \$915/9121 and Old Patna at \$925. We close with a very quiet market and prices

tending downward. Persian. -- There is no material change, best is quoted at \$640.

2,887
709
436
3,452

COTTON. Hongkone, 3rd January.—A fair business at

almost last rates. Stock, about 2,000 bales. Bombay, 21.00 to 22.50 piculs Bengal (New), Rangoon, 22.00 to 24.00 and Dacca, Shanghai and Japanese, . 29.00 to 30.00 Tungchow and Ningpo, ...29.00 to 30.00 Sale: 900 bales.

YARN.

Mr. P. Eduljee says in his Report, dated Hongkong, 3rd January: There has been some little movement in the market and a further improvement of half to one Dollar per bale has been 'established in favourite desired spinnings. Holders are firm, and supported by telegraphic advices from Bombay are not inclined to yield to the rep: esentations made by dealers of a weak and declining market in the interior. Favourable offers from Shanghai, assisted by the current steady rate of exchange, have led to considerable purchases both from first and second hands and the stream of shipments is again being diver',

northwards, thus relieving our stocks of a ... quantity of unsaleable goods. Best spinnings are in short supply and one or two fav urite chops would be taken at an advance on ruling quotations, medium and commen threads form the bulk of present stock and prices are more or less irregular. The market closes quiet but steady with an improved prospect.

Local manufacture:—The local Mill is working full time, there being a good and sustained inquiry for its production, and sales of about 1,500 bales No. 10s, and 600 bales No. 12s., March delivery, at \$312 and \$94 respectively have transpired.

Japanese Yarn continues quiet and nothing doing, and there is no apparent relief at hand

Raw Cotton:—Indian descriptions are steady in sympathy with the continued firmness on the other side. Buying during the interval has been equally divided between Japan exporters and local and country markets, the local mill being entirely out of the running, Sales reported are 1,550 bales good to superfine Bengals at from \$22½ to \$24, leaving an unsold stock of about 1,300 bales. There is nothing doing in China Cotton, the market being bare of stock, Quotations are at \$19 to \$24 India and \$28 to \$30 China.

Exchange has continued steady with little or no fluctuations, and closes to-day at Rs. 139 for T/T and Rs. 1391 for Post. On Shanghai 73 and on Yokohama 93 per cent. premium.

The undernoted business in imported and local spinnings is reported from Shanghai during the fortnight ending 30th ultimo, viz: -

Indian: -- Total sales 10,000 bales, composing 55 bales No. 6s., 5,3:0 bales No. 10s., 500 bales No. 12s., 1,395 bales No. 16s., and 2,700 bales No. 20s., prices showing an advance of One to Two Taels and market closing firm and tending upwards. The unsold stock was estimated at about 40,000 bales.

Japanese:—Total sales 10,000 bales mostly for forward delivery at Tls. 87 to 89 for No-20s., and Tls. 861 to 88 for No. 16s., prices showing an improvement of 1½ to 2 Taels and market closing strong.

Local: - Total sales about 12,000 bales chiefly for delivery after China New Year, on the basis of Tls. 75 to 78 for No. 10s., Tls. 80} to 81 for No. 12s., Tls. 82; to 85 for No. 14s., and Tls. 84 to 87 for No. 16s.. prices having advanced 1 to21 Taels and market closing firm.

COALS.

Hongkong, 3rd January.—Cardiff & Australian: No sales reported, market quiet. Japanese: General small contracts for 1902 have been made, quantity 29000 to 25000 tons are reported, prices for ordinary and cheap kinds are easier, while the best kinds continue firm

Cardiff.....\$19.00 to 20.00, weak, ex ship, nominal Australian \$21.00 to 12.50 ex godown, nominal Yubari Lump ...\$12.00 to 12.50 ex godown, nominal

Miiki Lump......\$10.00 ex ship, nominal Moji Lump\$7.00 to \$9.50 ex ship, quiet Hongay double 10.50 ex godown screened nominal Hongay Lump...... 8.50 ex ship Hongay Dust 6.00 , Briquettes16.00 "

MISCELLANEOUS IMPORTS.

Hongkong, 3rd January.—Amongst the sales reported during the week are the following:ner bale

		per	
Bombay—Nos.	10 to 20s	\$75.0 0	to \$117.00
- Emoilsn(NOS.	10 10 24.		10 120.00
	22 to 24.	120.00	to 128.00
,,	28 to 32,		to 142.00
"	38 to 42,	155.00	to 170.00
COTTON PIECE O	loops—		
		per	piece.

,, 50 10 42,100.00	LU	2,000
COTTON PIECE GOODS-		
per	piec	e.
Grey Shirtings—6 lbs 2.10	to	
7 lbs 2.30	\mathbf{to}	2.50
8.4 lbs 2.80	to	3.50
9 to 10 lbs. 3.60	to	4.55
White Shirtings-54 to 56 rd. 2.35	to	2.60
58 to 60 , 3.05	\mathbf{to}	4.00
64 to 66 ,, 4.10	to	5.75
Fine 5.20	to	7.30
Book-folds 4.20	to	6.25
Victoria Lawns—12 yards 0.73	to	1.20
T-Cloths-6lbs. (32 in.), Ord'y. 1.60		·1. 80
71bs. (32 ,,), ,, 1.90		2.20
6lbs. (32 ,,), Mexs. 1.85	to	2.05
7lbs. (32 ,,), ,, 2.75	to	3.25
8 to 8.4 oz., (36 in.) 2.85	to	3.40
Drills,English—40 yds., 13\frac{2}{4} to \ 4.00	to	6.75
Fancy Cottons— Turkey Red Shirtings—1½ to 1.50 8 lbs 1.50	to	5.00

Brocades—Dyed	. —	to	
AMASKS—	pe	r va	rd
Chintzes—Assorted		to	·
Velvets—Black, 22 in	0.22	to to	0.50 0.26 -

velveteens-15 in. U.21 per dozen

Handkerchiefs-Imitation Silk WOOLLENSper yard

Spanish Stripes—Sundry chops.0.62 1. Habit, Med., and Broad Cloths 1.25	to to	1.70 3.00
De.	r pie	ece
Long Ells—Scarlet, 7-10 lbs. 6.35	to	8.10
Assorted 6.45	to	8.20
Camlets—Assorted12.00	to	30.75
Lastings—30 yds., 31 inches \(\) 11.00	to	17.00
Assorted 6.45 Camlets—Assorted12.00	to to	8.20 30.75

Orleans—Plain 250 to 400

Blankets—8 to 12 lbs 2.50	to	4.00
METALS	r pic	eul
	to	
Iron—Nail Rod 4.35		—
Square, Flat Round Bar (Eng. 4.25	to	— ,
Swedish Bar 6.75	to	
Small Round Rod 4.75	to	
Hoop § to 11/2 in 5.50	to	
Wire 15/25 8.75	to	
Old Wire Rope 2.50	ťo	
Pig Non	to	36.50
Lead, L. B. & Co. and Hole Chop 7.75	to	
Australian 7.60	to	
Yellow M'tal—Muntz 14,20 oz.40.00	to	
Vivian's 14/20 oz. 40.00	to	
Elliot's 14/20 oz. 39.50	to	_
Composition Nails63.00	to	
Japan Copper, Slabs42.00	to	
Tin69.25	to	
1 III	or h	OX.

	1 111		ре	er bo	x.
	Tin-Plates		7.50	to	
]		•	per c	wt. ca	984
•			5.50	to	-
S	UNDRIES-				1

per picul Quicksilver168.00 per box. 6.30 to -Window Glass

'per 10-gal. case Kerosene Oil.....

CLOSING QUOTATIONS. FRIDAY, 3rd January.

EXCHANGE.
On London.—
Telegraphic Transfer
Bank Bills, on demand
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight $10\frac{J_{3}}{10}$
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight1/10#
Credits, at 4 months' sight1/10#
Documentary Bills, 4 months' sight 1/107
On Paris.— •
Bank Bills, on demand $\dots 2.34\frac{1}{2}$
Credits, 4 months' sight2.383
ON GERMANY.—On demand1.9 :
On New York.—
Bank Bills, on demand453
Credits, 60 days' sight $\dots 46\frac{1}{8}$
A)N BOMBAY.—
Telegraphic Transfer139
Bank, on demand
ON CALCUTTA.—
Telegraphic Transfer
Bank, on demand $\dots 1394$
Un Shanghai.—
Bank, at sight
Private, 30 days' sight
On Yokohama.—
On demand $\dots 9$
On Manila.—
On demand. $2\frac{3}{4}$
On Singapore—
On demandpar
On Batavia.—
On demand
On Haiphong.—
Or demand $1\frac{1}{2}$
On Saigon.—
On demand 1
ON BANGKOKOn demand60.
Sovereions, Bank's Buying Rate 10.62
GOLD LEAF, 100 fine, per tael55
BAR SILVER per oz

SHARE REPORT.

Hongkong, 3rd January.—Business has opened with a firm tone after the New Year holidays, and many of the principal stocks show an advancing tendency. The December settlement passed off satisfactorily.

Banks. — Hongkong and Shanghais have advanced to \$625, at which, however, more shares are obtainable. The London rate has improved to £63. Nationals can still be placed at \$27.

MARINE INSURANCES.—Unions can be had at \$345. China Traders are wanted at \$52, and North Chinas at Tls. 180. Yangt-zes are offering in small lots at \$130, and Cantons at \$155.

FIRE INSURANCES.—Hongkongs are quiet at \$365. Chinas have advanced to \$90, with a few

Shipping.—Hongkong, Canton and Macaos havefurther advanced to \$36½ with buyers. Indo-Chinas have also improved to \$141 buyers cash, and \$142 for the 31st instant, at both of which rates sales have been effected. China Manilas are quiet at \$0. Douglases are obtainable at \$47, and Star Ferries at \$24 and \$9 for the old and new issues respectively. Shell Transports

are unchanged at £2. 12s. 6d.
REFINERIES.—China Sugars have sold at

\$151. Luzons are unaltered at \$26.
Mining.—We have heard of no business

nnder this head, and quotations are unchanged. Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Hongkong and Whampoa Docks have sold at \$290 and \$291, and more shares are wanted at the former rate. Hongkong and Kowloon Wharves are offering at \$94. New Amoy Docks are in request at \$28.

LANDS, HOTELS AND BUILDINGS.—Hong-kong Lands can be procured at \$195, and Kowloon Lands at \$33. West Points are obtainable at \$65. Humphreys Estates have sold and are wanted at \$14. Hongkong Hotels can be

placed at \$138. Orientes are quiet at \$56 COTTON MILLS.—There are no changes to

MISCELLANEOUS.—Green Island Cements have declined slightly to \$21\frac{3}{4} with sellers. Tramways have further advanced to \$300, ex dividend, buyers, and China Providents to \$9.85 buyers. Watkins are wanted at \$10. In other stocks there is no business or change in quotations to report.

MEMO.—Dairy Farm Co., Ld., extraordinary general meeting on Friday, 10th instant, for the purpose of confirming the special resolution passed at the meeting of shareholders on the 18th December, 1901.

Closing quotations are as follows:-

(lovening:	Pain no	Опольтома
anks—		QUOTATIONS.
Hongkong & S'hai		(\$625, sellers) L'don, £63.
China & Japan, ordy. Do. deferred	£4 . £1	£1. nominal.
Natl. Bank of China		
A. Shares B. Shares		\$27, buyers \$27, buyers
Foun. Shares	£1 ,	\$15, sellers
ampbell, Moore & Co.		\$1. \$21, buyers
hina-Borneo Co., Ld		\$38.
hina Light & Power	\$20	\$2 0.
Co., Ld) hina Prov. L. & M	\$10	\$9.85, buyers
hina Sugar	\$100	\$151.
'igar Companies— Alhambra Limited	\$500	3500, nominal.
Philippine Tobacco)	\$50	 ₹52.
Invest. Co., Ld.)		
Ewo	Tls. 100	Tls. 48.
International Laou Kung Mow	Tls. 100 Tls. 100	T18, 30. T18, 50.
Soychee	Tls. 500	Tls. 150.
Hongkong	\$100	\$13½. \$11.
enwick & Co., Geo	\$25	\$55, sellers
Freen Island Cement	\$10	\$21₹, sellers \$50.
I. & C. Bakery Iongkong & C. Gas	1 .	\$140, buyers
Iongkong Electric	\$10	1 ' '
I. H. L. Tramways	\$100	\$6½, sellers \$300,ex div.,b'y
Ik. Steam Water }	\$ 5	\$8, buyers
boat Co., Ld) Iongkong Hotel		\$138, sellers
Hongkong Ice	\$25	\$195.
I. & K. Wharf & G Iongkong Rope	1	\$94, sellers \$175.
I. & W. Dock	1	Ī <u>-</u>
nsurance	\$50	\$155, sellers
Canton		1
China Traders'	I	i. *
Hongkong Fire North China		Tls. 180, buyers
Straits	1 5-0	
Union Yangtsze	l	1
Land and Building-		2105 pollors
Hongkong Land Inv. Humphreys Estate		
Kowloon Land & B	. \$30	1
West Point Building Luzon Sugar		l
Manila Invest. Co., Ld	1 ' .	1'
Mining— Charbonnages	Fes. 250	\$375, buyers
Jelebu	. \$5	\$4‡, sellers
Queen's Mines, Ld Olivers Mines, A	<u> </u>	4 cents. nominal.
Do. B	. \$4	l nominal.
Punjom Do. Perference	I	\$5, sellers \$1\frac{1}{4}, sellers
Raubs	. 18	\$10, sellers
New Amoy Dock		}\$28, buyers \$56.
Oriente Hotel, Manila Powell, Ld	\$10	391.
Robinson Piano Co.,Ld		350, nominal
Steamship Coys.—	\$50	\$60 aalos
China and Manila	\$40	300, sailes
China Mutual Pres Do. Ordinary	1	£10. £7. 10s.
Do. Bonus	£5	£5.
Douglas Steamshi	p \$50 \$15	\$361, buyers
Indo-China S. N.	£10	1
Shel-Transport and	£1	£2, 12s, 6d.
Trading Co		\$21, sellers \$9, sellers
Star Ferry		L
Tebrau Planting Co United Abestos	\$8 \$4	1 1 -
Do	\$10	
Universal Trading Co., Ld.		5 \$20½, buyers
Watkins, Ld	\$10	
Watson & Co., A. S.	\$10) \$15], sellers
	1	1

Shanghai, 23rd December (from Messrs. J. P. Bisset & Co.'s Report). This circular goes to press two days earlier than usual, owing to the Christmas Holidays; in the interval rates have been maintained and a fair general business These are transacted. Insurance.—Marine. quiet; Yangtzes are wanted. Fire. Nothingdoing. Shipping.—Indo-China S. N. Co. Local sales for cash and 31st instant took place at Tls. 106. Settlements were made for March at Tls. 109 and 113.50 for July; forward shares are on offer. Shell Transport and Trading Co., Ld. shares are wanted. China Mutual S. N. Co. shares offering. MINING.-Chinese Engineering and Mining Co., Ld. Cash rates have been steady and sales made at Tls. 8.90, 9.25, 9.00, the market closing firm with buyers at 9.00-9.25. Settlements were made for March at 9.25, April 9.35, June 9.50. Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—S. C. Farnham, Boyd and Co., Ld. Shares have been in firm demand and were placed at Tls. 247.50-252.50, market closing with buyers at last rate. transaction is reported at Tls. 255 for cash. Settlements were made for March at Tls. 260, 262.50 and April at 265. Lands-Shanghai are in strong demand and buyers are offering Tls. 101-102. Weihaiweis were placed at Tls. 20. Industrial.—Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ld. The Directors' Report and Statement of Account for the year ending 31st October, 1901, have been published for presentation at the meeting of shareholders convened for the 27th current. The Working Account shews a surplus of Tls. 195,125.82 as compared with Tls. 130,230.04 in the previous year. The net profits amount to Tls. 104,479.94, equal to 6.96 per cent. on the paid up Capital. After deducting the profits from the balance of Tls. 118,118.66 brought forward, there is a balance of Tls. 21,141.42 carried forward to debit of Profit and Loss account. Cash shares sold at Tls. 42.50. Major Bros. Shares changed hands at Tls. 40 cash. Pulp and Paper Mills sold at Tls. 102.50 for cash and 31st instant and 105 for March. Cements were purchased at \$22.00. Tugs and Cargo Boats.—These have been quiet; Shanghai and Taku Tugs are wanted. Miscellaneous.—Sumatra Tobacco shares were taken at Tls. 40-38 and have sellers at 39. Langkat Tobacco Co. Cash shares changed hands at Tls. 332.50-335 and the same rates obtained for 31st instant. A settlement was made for March at 350. Telephone shares are offering. Astor House Hotels were taken at **\$285**.

TONNAGE.

Hongkong, 3rd January.—Freights continue dull, with very little enquiry for prompt tonnage. From Saigon to Hongkong, 10 cents per picul last; to one port north coast Java, 29 cents last; to Philippines, 24 cents per picul. North coast Java to Hongkong, 25 cents per picul for wet and 15 cents per picul for dry sugar. Coal freights are weak. Moji to this, \$1.75; to Singapore, \$2.35; Karatzu to Manila, \$3.75 per ton.

The following are the settlements:—

Hans Menzell—German steamer, 1,695 tons,

Karatzu to Manila, \$3.75 per ton.

Heim—Norwegian steamer, 1,046 tons, Moji to
Hongkong, \$1.75 per ton.

Pronto—Norwegian steamer, 837 tons, Moji to Hongkong, \$1.90 per ton.

Kvarven—Norwegian steamer, 1,754 tons, Moji

to Hongkong, \$1.90 per ton.

Emma—German steamer, 1;681 tons, Moji to

Singapore, \$2.35 per ion.

Pax—Belgian steamer, 1,092 tons, hence to Saigon (kerosine oil), 12 cents per case.

Marie Jebsen-German steamer, 1,771 tons, Saigon to one/two ports no: th coast Java (45,000 piculs), 29 cents and 31 cents per picul.

B. & S. steamer, Saigon to one port north coast Java (30/32,000 piculs), 30 cents per picul.

Emma Luyken—German steamer, 1,109 tons,

Saigon to one two ports north coast Java (33,000 piculs), 31 and 33 cents per picul.

B. & S. steamer, Saigon to one two ports north

coast Java (30/32.000 piculs), 33 cents and 35 cents per picul.

Tritos—German steamer, 1,033 tons, Saigon to Singapore, \$4,500 in full.

Amoy—German steamer, 732 tons, Saigon to

one or two ports Philippines, 24 cents and 27 cents per picul.

"Shan' steamer, Saigon to one port Philip-

pines, 26 cents per picul.

Peiyang—German steamer, 1,036 tons, Saigon to Hongkong, 10 cents per picul

Jacob Diederichsen—German steamer, 623 tons, monthly, 8 months, at \$5,900 per month.

Brand-Norwegian steamer 1,519 tons, monthly, 9 months, private terms.

VERNON & SMYTH, Brokers.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES SINCE LAST MAIL.

ARRIVALS.

December— 29, China, German str, from Saigon. 29, Pique, British cruiser, from Mirs Bay. 29, Taichiow, German str., from Ang Hin. 30, Chyo Maru, Japanese str, from Chefoo. 30, Chunsang, British str., from Tientsin. 30, Lightning, British str., from Calcutta. 3', Prinz Heinrich, Ger. str., from Hamburg. 30, Tyr, Norwegian str., from Moji. 30, Zafiro, British str., from Manila. 31, Asama, British str., from Foochow. 31, Australian, British str., from Australia. 31, Caledonien, French str., from Marseillas. 31, Formosa, British str., from Tamsui. 31, Hanoi, French str., from Haiphong. 31, Hunan British str., from Chinkiang. 31, Kumano Maru, Japanese str., from Japan. 31, Pakhoi, British str., from Chinkiang.

31, Tritos. German str., from Swatow. 31, Iltis, German str., from Cauton. 31, Else, German str. from Canton. 31, Foochow, British str., from Canton. 31, Katsuyama Maru, Jap. str., from Canton. 31, Hong Bee, British str., from Straits.

31, Shanghai, British str., from London.

January— 1, Daijin Maru, Jap. str., from Tamsui. 1, Nurnberg, German str., from Shanghai. 1 Tingsang, British str., from Canton. 1, Waterwitch, British s.-s., from a cruise. 2, Amphitrite, British cruiser, from London. 2, Bingo Maru, Japanese str., from London. 2, Emma, German str., from Canton. 2. Glenfarg British str., from Tacoma. 2, Hikosan Maru, Jap. str., from K'notzu. 2, Kagoshima Maru, Jap. str., from Moji. 2, Rosetta Maru, Japanese str., from Manila. 2, Taisang, British str., from Swatow. 2, Valetta, British str., from Shanghai. 2, Dr. H. J. Kiaer, Norw. str., from Haiphong. 2, Herm. Menzell, Ger. str., from Haiphong. 2, J. Diederichsen, Ger. str., from Haiphong. 2, Michael Jebsen, Ger. str., from Haiphong. 3, Albion, British battleship, from Kobe. 3, Hai Chi, Chinese cr., from Kwongchowwan.

3, Chowtai, German str., from Bangkok. 3, Kwangping, British str., from Canton. DEPARTURES. December— 29, Kvarven, Norwegian str., for Moji. 29, Kwangping, British str., for Canton. 29, Kweilin. British str., for Canton. 29, Sullberg, German str., for Hoihow. -30, Chiyuen, American str., for Shanghai. 30, Chunsang, British str, for Canton. 30, Iyo Maru, Japanese str. for Seattle. 30, Kwangles, British str., for Canton. 30, Sungkiang, British str., for Manila. 30, Wingsang, British str, for Canton. 30, Yarra, French str., for Europe. 31, Aurora, British cruiser, for Tai-po. 31, Amoy, German str., for Saigon. 31, Caledonien, French str., for Shanghai. 31, Canton, British str., for Foochow. 31, Hiroshima Maru, Japanese str., for Kobe. 31, Hoihao, French str., for Hoihow. 23, Laisang, British str., for Calcutta. 31, Mausang, British str., for Sandakan. 31, Prinz Heinrich, Ger. str., for Shanghai. 31, Taicheong, German str., for Taiwanfoo.

January— 1, Elsa, German str., for Hongay. 1, Formosa, British str., for Swatow. 1, Telemachus, British str., for Swatow. J, Tritos, German str., for Saigon. 2, Anping Maru, Japanese str., for Swatow. 2, Asama. British str., for New York. 2, Endymion, British cruiser, for Practice. 2, Hunan, British str., for Canton. 3, Kumano Maru, Japanese str., for Sydney. 2, Lyeemoon, German str., for Shanghai. 2, Osberga, British bark, for New York. 2, Pakhoi, British str., for Canton. 3, Australian, British str., for Shanghai. 3, Bingo Maru, Japanese str., for Japan. 3, Bussard, German cruiser, for Saigon. 3, Hanoi, French str., for Haiphong. 3, Hertha German cruiser, for Saigon. 3, Hong Bee, British str., for Amoy. 3, Katsuyama Maru, Jap. str., for Chefoo. 3, Taisang, British str., for Canton.

3, Zafiro, British str., for Manila.

31, Taishun, American str., for Shanghai.

PASSENGERS LIST. ARRIVED.

Per Hiroshima Maru, from Bombay and Singapore, Messrs. Morikawa, Nanabashi and Kubota.

Per Sandakan, from Sandakan, Messrs. Breitag and Klamberg.

Per Wingsang, from Shanghai and Swatow, Miss Pearden. Miss Leman, Messrs. Gordon, Parr, Pennington, Pralzhaff, Holmes and Bracksann.

Per Kwanglee, from Shanghai, Messrs. A.

R. Agassiz, Holson and Adair.

Per Yarıa, for Hongkong, from Nagasaki, Messrs. K. Riddoch and Golduran; from Kobe, Mr. Kajuo; from Shanghai, Mrs. Tisdall, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Brockelbank, Messrs. Beckett, London, Maclay, James Fox, Johnson, Alfred, Shapira, Riber, Vidal, Dugas, Thelks and Rev Aucourt: for Saigon, from Shanghai, Mrs. Huyvenard: for Singapore, Messrs. W. Steel and Chotermoll, Mrs. Katsuyo and Mrs. Oki: for Marseilles, from Yokohama, Messrs. Suares, Cholet, Miyaoka, Le Coze and Denis Alaire; from Shanghai, Mrs. Louberbier, Rev. Bariner, Messrs. Dalvy. Tafforin, Le Bris, Verdier and Leray.

Per Lightning, from Calcutta, &c., Messrs.

E. J. Walsh and J. L. Loveland. Per Zafiro, from Manila, Mrs. Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. Hood, Dr. and Mrs. Alfred, Mr. and Mrs. Musaka, Rev. H. Stantz, Messrs. B. Sontua, J. Tangoro, W. D. Lyon and J. Walters.

Per Prinz Heinrich, from Hamburg, &c.. Mrs Swan and child, Mrs. Brooks. Mrs. Hickie, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Spinner, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Witton, Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs R. Capell, Mr. and Mrs. D. MacIver, Dr. and Mrs. Wittenberg and child, Misses Buttler, H Gordon and C. Lehmann, Capt. Voogdt, Dr. E. Delmar, Messrs. F. W. Burtwell, A. Rodger, W. Taylor, E. Delbanco, C. Schroter, A Sanden, T. Idomura, H. A. Thamason, H. Reter, J. Delpech, T. Gibb, C. Shaw, F. Blake, Blackie, F. A. Brown, Ch. Buchanan, C. Klevenow, O. Hinterhuber, W. Rust, F. Anderson, D. Laby and V. B. Lewis.

Per Hanoi, from Haiphong, &c., Mr. Therm: Per Formosa, from Tamsui, &c., Rev. Jo :son, Capt. Buafi and Mr. Richardson.

Per Caledonien. for Hongkong, from Marseilles, Mr. and Mrs. Kiox and Mr. Dourdin; J. Mossop, Messrs. J. W. Kinghorn and Wm. from Colombo, Revs. Gabriel and Isidori and P. McKinnel, and Mrs. T. Imai. Mr. Lee Vanght; from Singapore, Mr. Van den Weddon; from Saigon, Messrs. Cartier Brenon, V. Hovello, Scrive and François: for Shanghai, from Marseilles, Capt. Morean, Lieuts. Chautin and Lerout, Sergt.-Major Hellies. Lieut |-Col. Milo, Miss Isnard, Messrs. Gerican, Montrieff. Ginotto and Fritz-Pape; from Port Saill, Mr. Ganayolis: for Nagasaki, from Marseilles, Mr. Gzilenzky: for Kobe, from Batavia, Mr. and Mrs. Chaix: for Yokohama, i from Marseilles, Mr. and Mrs. Hakai, Mr. and Mrs. Hein, Mr. and Mrs. Suzor and three children, Messrs. Odin. Kishi and Tracey; from Bombay, Mrs and Miss Schneitzer, Mr. and Mrs. Fichmanh and two children; from Colombo, Messrs. Vertohzin Goens, Strauss and Gordon.

Per Shanghui, from London, for Hongkong, Mrs. W. B. Dixon, Miss E. Dixon, Mr. W. Dixon, Master K. Dixon, and Mr. H. W. Merrill; for Manila, Messrs. G. F. Sinclair and A. Turner; for Shanghai, Lieut. E. T. Ayling; for Yokohama, Mr. J. M. Maitland: from Penang, for [Hongkong, Mr. Walter; from Singapore, Mr. R and Mrs. Abenhiem: for Shanghai, from Singapore, Capt. Pearce.

Per Hong Ree from Penang and Singapore, Mrs. Peters, and Miss Peters.

Per Taisang, from Swatow, Mrs. Kirby and child, Messrs. J. George and A. Cattanco.

Per American Mail, from San Francisco, &c., Mrs. E. Faint, Mrs. G. W. Beaver, Mi ses A. W. Beaver, E. Beaver and K. W. Beaver, Mis. L. D. McCoy and Miss H. V. McCoy. Mrs. and Miss E. Diggan, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Perrey, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Robertson, Miss and Master Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Long, Mr. and Mrs. G. Grebin, Mrs. E. O. Miller, Misses H. R. and G. Manchester, Mr. A. E. Roe and Miss Ros, Misses A. E. Nielsen, G. Hoeper and M. Hirsch, Rev. T. Emmott, Maj. Leonard, Messrs. G. P. Fox, K. J. Guzder, R. H. Wright, R. T. Safford, N. Borovsky, M. Kreminsky, Moore, H. A. Belden, T. K. Ball N. S. Merserve, W.

G. Winterburn, E. Hoeft, A. S. Knagge, V Elhoff, Tevis, W. Danby, G. W. Wood, Capt Bland, R.A., and Lieut. C. C. Peatty, R.E.

Per Australian, from Melbourne, Mr. and Mrs. Burgess and two children; from Sydney, Misses Rae, N. Marshall, E. Stevens, B. Vale, Webster, Glanville and McInnes, Messrs. E. W. White and J. Cameron; from Queensland, Mr. W. H. Corfield; from Port Darwin, Mr. J. Sachi; from Timor, Mesdames D. Maria E. Tavares. D. Verisinia e Borges and child, Miss Alice Adelia Tavares, Messrs. Alberto Carlos, Jose Henriques Tayares, Nicolas T. da Roza and three children, Preke Sebastio M. A. da Silva, Preke Manoel M. A. da Silva, J. Manoel da Rocha and Lobias E. Joanillo; from Manila, Mr. W. B. Walker.

Per Bingo Maru, from London, for Hongkong, Mrs. Northcote, Messrs. W. Brown, A. Atkins, W. Anderson, Norris, M. Stephens, C. Kaye, G. Perfect, A. Keat? J. McNob and T. Valentine; for Japan, Mr. and Mrs. Gomes and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Gillon, Mr. and Mrs. K. Hatoyama, Mr. Ferbes, Drs. Y. Onishi and C. Giotoka, Messrs. T. Nishimura and I. Ichii.

Per Valetta, from Shanghai, fer Hongkong, Messrs. W. Reeve, W. E. - chmidt, S. Domencio, R. Arteneico, M. Candido, D. Sartino, P. Francesca, W. H. Brown, Wesby and Furholzer and Miss M. Albert; for London, Mr. C. H. O'Dowd.

DEPARTED. Per Wakasa Maru, from Hongkong for Europe, Mr. and Mrs. W. Y. Shower and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. Huntington and child; Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Davenport, Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Woodger and infant and nurse, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Stovell and 2 children and nurse, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Hendley, Mrs. Mall Smith, . Mrs. S. C. Moore and infant, Misses Seymour, Arnold, H. Duncan, H. Seymour, E. Hendley, M. Hendley and Hendley, Lieut Y. Ohyama, Surgeon M. Hirano, Pay-Master K. Murata Masters P. Hendley and C. Hendley, Messrs, K. Nakano, E. R. Thompson, S Nagano, K. Ito, S. Sugiura, K. Sekiguchi, M. Tanaka, L. W. T. Lewis, R. C. Lees, T. J. B. Richard and T. Tokumi.

Per Java, from Hongkong for Singapore, 'aptain Warren, R.G.A.; from Shanghai for London, Mrs. Dumfries and 2 infants..

Per Iyo Maru, for Victoria, &c., Mr. and Mrs.

Per Yarra, from Hongkong, for Saigon, Mr. and Mrs. Marquie, Mr and Mrs R. H. Hood; for Singapore, Mr. and Mrs. J. Edwin Harvey, Lieut. Schevart, Messrs. Rotinann, Ulrich and E. S. Young; for Marseilles, Messrs. Candlot,

Brisault and D. F. Borelte. Per Prinz Heinrich, from Hongkong, for Shanghai, Mrs. J. A. Sanches, Mrs. B. Cuntz, Messrs. W. T. Peiddepha, Smith, C. S. Moore, A. R. Agassiz, C. Blake, T. d'Agostini and N. Jer.des; for Nagasaki, Mrs. Saki, Mrs. Ohia, Messrs. T. Neshimura, Kenira, Kitano, Caneco, F. Towge, Akiam, Vanive, Okasaki and A.

Joulinosky. Per Kumano Maru, for Maniia, Mrs N. J. Roza, Mrs. C. C. Faxon, Mrs. Bennet, Mrs. Fredenhall, Mrs. Bullard and chi d. Mrs and Master Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Botelhe, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Caballero, Miss Caballero and two children, Miss N. Moreno, Messrs. L. A. Cotten, T. Isomura, J. C. Wilkinson, F. W. Horne, Chas. S Strauss, Grant van Horne, Jno. M. G. Torey, W. Nolan, Mon. Olran, W. T. Francis, O. H. Kullerad, P. J. Blick, F. W. Tawle, Purry, A. N. Gilmon, F. H. Sergeant, Chas. G. Droyer, A. Muller, K. Kobayashi, Mr. and Mrs. S. Morikawa; for Thursday Island, Mr. S. Okamoto; for Townsville, Mr. W. M. Rice and Consul Tayin and family; for Brisbane, Mr. and Mrs. Greaves and Mr. J. R. Mitchell; for Sydney, Mrs. J. Tisdall, Justice and Mrs. P. Real, Mr. E. Real and Miss L. Real, Mr. and Mrs. Muirhead, Mr. and Mrs. S. Salmon, Miss Salmon, Mr. and Mrs. Clapperton, Misses R. F. Ncrie, E. L. Norie, Cowper, A. Drysdale. M. C. Bell and Smith, Messrs. P. G. Gray, Marks, Duff, A. Wicke and Wallace; for Melbourne, Miss Hooper, Messrs. Rankin, C. T. Hobbs and J. F. Mitchell.

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